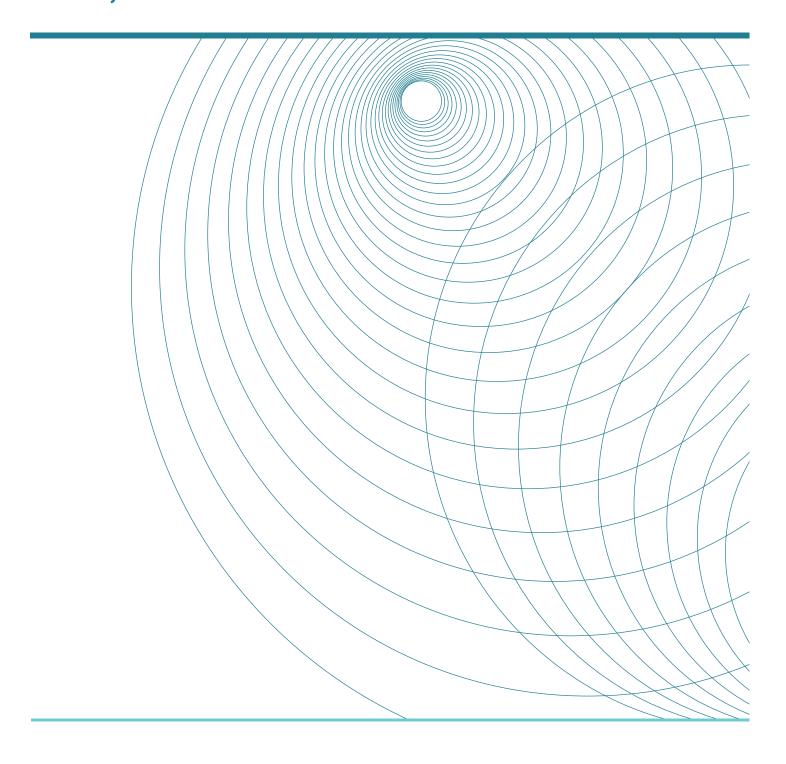


ANNUAL REPORT Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund

Financial year ended 31 December 2023



MANAGERS

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited 12 Marina View, #18-02, Asia Square Tower 2, Singapore 018961 Company Registration No. 198202562H

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGERS

Seet Oon Hui Eleanor Yutaka Nishida Hiroshi Yoh Allen Yan

TRUSTEE & REGISTRAR

BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One, East Tower, Level 12, Singapore 018936

CUSTODIAN

BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

This report is also available on our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg)

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (S\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	4.10	2.98	5.76	-1.52	1.58	1.98	3.84

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	-1.10	-2.17	0.47	-3.19	0.54	1.45	3.68

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 31 January 1989

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (US\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	7.73	5.66	7.52	-1.45	2.23	1.53	3.53

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	2.35	0.38	2.14	-3.12	1.19	1.01	3.25

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 2 August 2004 (US\$ Class)

Note

With effect from 17 October 2011, the Fund (formerly known as "Shenton Income Fund") has been renamed Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund. With effect from 2 January 2013, there is no benchmark for the fund as it is managed on an absolute return basis. Prior to that, the benchmark was 12-mth Singapore Dollar fixed deposit rate.

Portfolio Review

Fund generates returns of 5.76% in 2023

The Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") posted a return of 5.76% (in SGD terms, on a NAV-NAV basis) in the 12 months to end December 2023. As at the end of December 2023, the Fund had 56.10% of its assets invested in Asian local currency bonds, 25.61% invested in investment grade bonds, 14.95% invested in high-yield (HY) papers, and 1.05% in convertible bonds. The level of cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period stood at 2.28%.

Market Review

A volatile year for US Treasuries (USTs)

US Treasury (UST) yields were volatile in 2023, in contrast to the consensus view of lower yields when the year opened. Throughout 2023, investors eagerly watched US jobs data and inflationary readings, debating the timing of the last rate hike. The resilience of major economies, particularly the US, prompted markets to embrace the "higher for longer" narrative for interest rates, prompting a significant increase in bond yields, with the 10-year point on the UST curve touching a 16-year high of 5.02% in October. However, concerns about high inflation and rising interest rates subsided in the last two months of the year, with the subsequent shift in tone from Fed officials who are among the most hawkish policymakers triggering a substantial leg down in UST yields.

The Fed raised interest rates four times in 2023. The US central bank messaged a pivot at its final policy meeting of the year. It acknowledged that growth and inflation were slowing and suggested that the policy rate was at or close to its peak level. The dot plot also showed members now expect 75 basis points (bps) worth of rate cuts over 2024, 100 bps over 2025, and an additional 75 bps over 2026. This dovish pivot, together with increased expectations of a US economic slowdown, prompted UST yields to continue their sharp descent.

At the end of 2023, the benchmark 2-year and 10-year UST yields settled at 4.25% and 3.88% respectively, 18 bps lower and 0.3 bps higher compared to end-December 2022.

Asian local government bonds rise while currencies register varied performances against the USD

Fed expectations was the primary driver of Asian government bond moves over the period. At the end of twelve months, yields of Asian government bonds mostly fell, on increasing expectations that Fed policy easing was finally approaching. On a total return basis, South Korean government bonds outperformed, while Thai government bonds underperformed. Separately, currencies in the region showed varied performances against the US dollar (USD), with the Singapore dollar (SGD) outperforming and the Malaysian ringgit (MYR) underperforming.

Headline inflation prints mostly moderate over the period

Headline inflation prints across the region largely moderated in the twelve months, helped in part by the deceleration of energy and food price inflation. In the latest reading, headline CPI inflation in Thailand printed -0.83% year-on-year (YoY) in December 2023, down from 5.89% in December 2022. In Singapore, the December 2023 CPI registered 3.7%, easing from a 6.5% rise a year ago. Inflationary pressures in Indonesia similarly moderated, with overall CPI coming in at 2.61% YoY in December 2023, from 5.51% in December 2022. This disinflation trend was also observed in South Korea, Malaysia and the Philippines.

Central banks took divergent monetary paths in the latter half of the period

Monetary authorities in Thailand, Indonesia and the Philippines continued to tighten monetary policy in the latter half of 2023. The Bank of Thailand (BoT) raised its key rate by a total of 50 bps to 2.50%

in the last six months of the year, with the belief that the policy rate is now at a 'neutral' level. In October 2023, Bank Indonesia increased rates by 25 bps, with Governor Perry Warjiyo declaring that the move was a "pre-emptive, forward-looking" measure to address imported inflation risks and stabilise the Indonesia rupiah. Separately, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas' announced an off-cycle 25 bps rate hike in the same month, "to prevent supply-side price pressures from inducing additional second-round effects and further dislodging inflation expectations."

On the other hand, central banks in South Korea, India and Malaysia maintained their policy rates over the six months. The Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) also opted to keep the SGD NEER slope, centre and band width unchanged during this period.

Countries register decent growth in the fourth guarter of 2023

China's economy expanded by 5.2% in the fourth quarter and for the full year in 2023. However, concerns about growth momentum persist as December's activity data registered mixed. In Singapore, advance estimates revealed the economy registered a YoY expansion of 2.8% in the fourth quarter of 2023, surpassing the downwardly revised 1.0% growth in the July to September period. For the whole of 2023, the economy grew by 1.2%, slower than the 3.6% growth in 2022. In Malaysia, preliminary estimates revealed that Malaysia's economy grew by 3.4% in the fourth quarter of 2023, with the full-year growth reaching 3.8%, slightly below the central bank's initial projection of 4%. In the Philippines, economic growth for the fourth quarter of 2023 decelerated to 5.6% YoY, down from the upwardly revised 6.0% rise in the July to September period. Full-year growth for 2023 also stood at 5.6%, below the government's target range of 6.0-7.0%, and a slowdown from the 7.6% rise recorded in 2022.

Asia Credits

Asian credits registered gains in 2023

Asian credits returned +7.02% (in USD terms) over the twelve months, as credit spreads tightened by 34 bps. Asian investment-grade (IG) returned +7.42% (in USD terms) as spreads tightened 32 bps, outperforming Asian high-yield (HY) which gained 4.76% (in USD terms) as spreads narrowed 6 bps.

Asian credit spreads tightened steadily at the start of 2023, buoyed by optimism that the US has moved beyond peak inflation, and on expectations of robust Chinese economic recovery with the effective removal of essentially all COVID restrictions. However, the swift collapse of Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) and the complete write-down of Credit Suisse's (CS) Additional Tier 1 bonds (AT1s) — part of the takeover deal by UBS — triggered an outsized negative reaction in the financial community. A semblance of calm was subsequently restored in markets, following assurances by major banking regulators that AT1 securities are placed above common equity instruments in their jurisdictions. As global banking sector fears ebbed, sovereign bond and credit markets stabilised.

Spreads subsequently stayed range-bound amid mixed, but relatively benign, global macro news, with issues such as the sustainability of China's recovery and uncertainty over US monetary policy negatively affecting sentiment. Meanwhile, the sell-off in Chinese property credits intensified amid negative issuer-specific headlines and softening new housing sales momentum, portending lingering challenges facing the sector. Positive sentiment emerged as US debt ceiling negotiations progressed, and speculation about a significant Chinese stimulus package grew. However, the actual stimulus fell short of expectations, leading to a reversal in risk tone, particularly in Chinese credits. Concerns about repayment abilities of a handful of Chinese property companies led to a meaningful widening in HY credit spreads. The Politburo's acknowledgment of "new difficulties and challenges" for the economy in July and subsequent stimulus measures sparked a rally in risk assets including Asia credit, but credit spreads resumed its widening path after reports revealed policy tools have so far been ineffective

at rekindling Chinese growth. On top of this, news of missed payments on some of the country's shadow banking-linked trust products further spooked markets. In response to the significantly weak data, the Chinese central bank lowered several policy rates and government announced measures aimed at reviving the economy and boosting investor confidence. However, sentiment stayed weak as regulators stuck to a targeted approach.

Towards end-August, policymakers announced bolder property easing measures. Markets cheered the nationwide measures, spurring a substantial rally in Chinese property credits. Positive sentiment persisted after the Chinese government announced that it would issue CNY 1 trillion additional sovereign debt, effectively lifting the 2023 fiscal deficit ratio well above the 3% set in March. Global risk sentiment improved with lower global rates, as markets priced in a more dovish path for the US central bank. The cooling of tensions between US and China further boosted market confidence. These, together with reports suggesting that Chinese policymakers were preparing additional measures to support the real estate industry, led to a significant tightening of Asian credit spreads.

Market Outlook and Strategy

Favourable Asia macro backdrop and stable credit fundamentals offering decent buffer creates historical opportunity to lock in yields

The current macro and market backdrop may see little or minor change, with growth expectations for major economies remaining low and some inflation stickiness resurfacing as we head into 2024.

The fundamentals backdrop for Asian credit remains supportive. In China, the recent step up in fiscal measures suggests that policy makers are aware of the challenging environment. This further supports expectations for Chinese policymakers to deliver additional measures to help broaden out the recovery and boost economic growth in 2024. Meanwhile. macro and corporate credit fundamentals across Asia ex-China are expected to stay resilient with fiscal buffers despite slower economic growth expectation in the first half of 2024. While non-financial corporates may experience a slight weakening in leverage and interest coverage ratios stemming from lower earnings growth and incrementally higher funding costs, we believe there is adequate ratings buffer for most, especially the IG corporates. Asian banking systems remain robust, with stable deposit base, robust capitalisation, and strong pre-provision profitability providing buffers against moderately higher credit costs ahead.

Technically, Asia credit is expected to remain well supported with lower net new supply as issuers continue to access cheaper onshore funding. Meanwhile, demand remains strong for high quality bonds driven by strong onshore support and pension funds as well as life insurance companies looking to lock in attractive yields. Moreover, the consistent outperformance of Asia IG on a risk-adjusted basis should boost demand and make Asia credit attractive amid the region's favourable macro backdrop and sufficient fundamental buffer. Nevertheless, following the sharp rally in the past two months, these positive factors have been largely priced in, and the materialisation of some negative risk factors such as a weaker-than-expected economy may exert some widening pressure on the valuation of Asia IG credit.

2024 to be a year of higher returns and lower volatility for Asian local government bonds 2024 is likely to be a year of higher returns and lower volatility for Asian local government bonds with US Treasury yields expected to stabilise and start easing. We expect sentiment toward Asia's bond markets to turn increasingly positive, attracting capital inflows, and providing technical support that was largely lacking in 2023. We have an upbeat view of long Indian government bonds due to their attractive carry and favourable technicals. The inclusion of Indian government bonds into JP Morgan's Government Bond Index — Emerging Markets Index (GBI-EM) from June 2024 is expected to provide support for these bonds.

We believe the broad theme of stronger Asian currencies versus the dollar will dominate in 2024, as we see waning demand for the greenback as the Fed rate hiking cycle comes to an end.

The key downside risks to our investment thesis are worse-than-expected Chinese GDP growth, higher-than-expected energy prices and greater geopolitical uncertainty.

This document is purely for informational purposes only with no consideration given to the specific investment objective, financial situation and particular needs of any specific person. It should not be relied upon as financial advice. Any securities mentioned herein are for illustration purposes only and should not be construed as a recommendation for investment. You should seek advice from a financial adviser before making any investment. In the event that you choose not to do so, you should consider whether the investment selected is suitable for you. Investments in funds are not deposits in, obligations of, or guaranteed or insured by Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited ("Nikko AM Asia").

Past performance or any prediction, projection or forecast is not indicative of future performance. The Fund or any underlying fund may use or invest in financial derivative instruments. The value of units and income from them may fall or rise. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of principal amount invested. You should read the relevant prospectus (including the risk warnings) and product highlights sheet of the Fund, which are available and may be obtained from appointed distributors of Nikko AM Asia or our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg) before deciding whether to invest in the Fund.

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(Where relevant – for funds included under CPFIS) The Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Ordinary Account ("OA") interest rate is the legislated minimum 2.5% per annum, or the 3-month average of major local banks' interest rates, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. The interest rate for Special Account ("SA") is currently 4% per annum or the 12-month average yield of 10-year Singapore Government Securities plus 1%, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. Only monies in excess of \$20,000 in OA and \$40,000 in SA can be invested under the CPF Investment Scheme ("CPFIS"). Please refer to the website of the CPF Board for further information. Investors should note that the applicable interest rates for the CPF accounts and the terms of CPFIS may be varied by the CPF Board from time to time.

For Hong Kong Investors

The Fund may only be offered to professional investors in Hong Kong and is not authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to this document. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited. Registration Number 198202562H

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

The Trustee is under a duty to take into custody and hold the assets of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") in trust for the unitholders. In accordance with the Securities and Futures Act 2001, its subsidiary legislation and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Trustee shall monitor the activities of the Manager for compliance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers as set out in the Trust Deed in each annual accounting year and report thereon to unitholders in an annual report.

To the best knowledge of the Trustee, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed the Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements, set out on pages 13 to 44, in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed.

For and on behalf of the Trustee BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited

Authorised signatory 27 March 2024

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

In the opinion of Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 13 to 44, comprising the Statement of Total Return, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds, Statement of Portfolio and Notes to the Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the portfolio holdings of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") as at 31 December 2023, and the financial performance and movements in unitholders' funds for the financial year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.

For and on behalf of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited

Authorised signatory
7 March 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund"), are properly drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants ("RAP 7"), so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the Fund as at 31 December 2023, and the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Fund comprise:

- the Statement of Total Return for the financial year ended 31 December 2023;
- the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2023;
- the Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds for the financial year then ended;
- the Statement of Portfolio as at 31 December 2023; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Other Information

The Fund's Manager (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all sections of the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Responsibilities of the Manager for the Financial Statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of RAP 7 and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to terminate the Fund or to cease the Fund's operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager's responsibilities include overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore, 27 March 2024

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 \$\$	2022 S\$
Income			
Dividends		1,734,177	1,985,531
Interest on cash and cash equivalents		205,624	63,768
Other income		10,054	19,654
		1,949,855	2,068,953
Less: Expenses			
Management fee		1,218,065	1,413,787
Management fee rebate		(357,477)	(418,365)
Transfer agent fee		30,701	39,326
Custody fee		19,893	16,788
Audit fee		19,751	18,358
Valuation fee		24,361	28,264
Transaction costs		40,686	51,972
Other expenses*		40,449	29,110
		1,036,429	1,179,240
Net income		913,426	889,713
Net gains or losses on value of investments and financial derivatives			
Net gains/(losses) on investments		5,032,368	(11,871,237)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		501,970	(599,552)
Net gains on financial derivatives		314,853	2,554,124
_		5,849,191	(9,916,665)
Total return/(deficit) for the financial year			
before income tax		6,762,617	(9,026,952)
Less: Income tax	4	(130,194)	(146,586)
Total return/(deficit) for the financial year after income tax	•	6,632,423	(9,173,538)

^{*}The balances include non-audit related fees paid to a network firm of the Fund's Auditor which amounted to Nil for 2023 (2022: SGD 4,125).

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS	Note	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Portfolio of investments		112,066,929	121,265,680
Receivables	5	302,275	59,989
Cash and cash equivalents	J	1,580,678	4,025,919
Margin and collateral accounts	9	352	16,870
Financial derivatives at fair value	7	1,751,009	1,116,507
Total assets		115,701,243	126,484,965
LIABILITIES Payables Distributions payable Financial derivatives at fair value Total liabilities	6 10 7	812,179 372,027 265,011 1,449,217	587,429 415,068 71,181 1,073,678
EQUITY Net assets attributable to unitholders	8	114,252,026	125,411,287

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the financial year		125,411,287	158,344,911
Operations Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations		6,632,423	(9,173,538)
Unitholders' contributions/(withdrawals)			
Creation of units Cancellation of units		9,459,983 (22,390,352)	11,249,584 (29,389,757)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from net creation and cancellation of units		(12,930,369)	(18,140,173)
Distributions	10	(4,861,315)	(5,619,913)
Total decreases in net assets attributable to unitholders		(11,159,261)	(32,933,624)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the financial year	8	114,252,026	125,411,287

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

As at 31 December 2023

By Geography (Primary)			Percentage of total net assets attributable to
	Holdings at 31 December 2023	Fair value at 31 December 2023 S\$	unitholders at 31 December 2023 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		5 \$	70
AUSTRALIA			
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Limited 6.742% due 08/12/2032 NSW Electricity Networks Finance PTY Limited 2.543%	2,000,000	2,827,775	2.48
due 23/09/2030	3,000,000	2,240,175	1.96
Westpac Banking Corporation 7.199% due 15/11/2038 Total AUSTRALIA	1,200,000	1,168,941 6,236,891	1.02 5.46
BRITAIN			
HSBC Holdings Public Listed Company 6.547% due	2 000 000	0.700.700	2.42
20/06/2034 Prudential Funding Asia Public Listed Company 4.875%	2,000,000	2,763,766	2.42
due 31/12/2049 Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 4.866% due	1,220,000	1,343,774	1.18
15/03/2033	2,400,000	2,983,280	2.61
Total BRITAIN		7,090,820	6.21
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS			
Elect Global Investments Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2060	3,000,000	2,767,223	2.42
Panther Ventures Limited 3.38% due 30/03/2171	3,000,000	2,061,536	1.80
Panther Ventures Limited 3.5% due 31/12/2060	2,000,000	1,569,016	1.37
Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061	2,000,000	2,097,379	1.84
Studio City Finance Limited 6.5% due 15/01/2028 Wing Tai Properties Finance Limited 4.35% due	2,000,000	2,450,438	2.14
31/12/2049	1,000,000	817,678	0.72
Total BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS		11,763,270	10.29
CAYMAN ISLANDS			
Meituan 0% due 27/04/2027 PCGI Intermediate Holdings II Limited 5.5% due	1,000,000	1,206,982	1.06
22/11/2024	1,200,000	1,501,803	1.31
Total CAYMAN ISLANDS		2,708,785	2.37
FRANCE			
Credit Agricole SA 7.875% due 29/12/2049	1,750,000	2,310,777	2.02
Total FRANCE		2,310,777	2.02
GERMANY			
Commerzbank AG 6.5% due 24/04/2034	2,000,000	2,089,690	1.83
Total GERMANY	, ,	2,089,690	1.83
HONO KONO OAD			
HONG KONG SAR AlA Group Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061	2,000,000	2,405,219	2.10
Total HONG KONG SAR	2,000,000	2,405,219	2.10
		,, <u></u> .•	
INDONESIA			
Bank Negara Indonesia Persero TBK PT 4.3% due 31/12/2061	1,200,000	1,404,354	1.23
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due	1,200,000	1,404,334	1.23
23/01/2025	3,000,000	3,878,173	3.39
Total INDONESIA	· · · ·	5,282,527	4.62
		· <u> </u>	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued)	Holdings at	Fair value at	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at
	31 December 2023	31 December 2023 S\$	31 December 2023 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities (continued)		35	70
JAPAN Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group Incorporation 6.184% due 13/07/2043	1,000,000	1,473,746	1.29
Total JAPAN	1,000,000	1,473,746	1.29
MAURITIUS Diamond II Limited 7.95% due 28/07/2026	2,000,000	2,657,999	2.33
Total MAURITIUS		2,657,999	2.33
SINGAPORE ESR-Logos REIT 5.5% due 09/12/2170 Singapore Government Bond 2% due 01/02/2024 Singapore Government Bond 3% due 01/08/2072 Starhub Limited 3.95% due 31/12/2049 Total SINGAPORE	2,000,000 800,000 3,370,000 1,500,000	1,869,575 798,560 3,617,695 1,445,910 7,731,740	1.64 0.70 3.17 1.26 6.77
SOUTH KOREA Shinhan Bank Company Limited 5% due 30/08/2028 Total SOUTH KOREA	2,500,000	2,091,858 2,091,858	1.83 1.83
SUPRANATIONAL European Bank for Reconstruction and Development 6.3% due 26/10/2027 International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	100,000,000	1,565,633	1.37
6.85% due 24/04/2028 Total SUPRANATIONAL	120,000,000	1,908,056 3,473,689	1.67 3.04
SWITZERLAND	4 000 000		
Julius Baer Group Limited 4.75% due 31/12/2049 Total SWITZERLAND	1,000,000	1,233,312 1,233,312	1.08 1.08
THAILAND Thaioil Treasury Center Company Limited 3.5% due			
17/10/2049 Thaioil Treasury Center Company Limited 4.875% due	1,000,000	892,837	0.78
23/01/2043 TMBThanachart Bank Public Company Limited 4.9% due	1,000,000	1,143,612	1.00
31/12/2059	1,200,000	1,549,290 3,585,739	1.36 3.14
Total THAILAND		3,505,139	3.14
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Resorts World Las Vegas LLC 8.45% due 27/07/2030 United States Treasury Note 2.75% due 15/02/2024 Total UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	2,600,000 2,250,000	3,515,453 2,958,649 6,474,102	3.08 2.59 5.67
Accrued interest receivable on quoted fixed income securities		1,080,625	0.95
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities		69,690,789	61.00

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STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued) Quoted Investment Funds	Holdings at 31 December 2023	Fair value at 31 December 2023 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2023 %
SINGAPORE Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Total SINGAPORE	22,362,420 33,946,999	17,730,619 24,645,521 42,376,140	15.52 21.57 37.09
Total Quoted Investment Funds		42,376,140	37.09
Portfolio of investments Other net assets Net assets attributable to unitholders		112,066,929 2,185,097 114,252,026	98.09 1.91 100.00

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STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Summary)	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2023 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		
Australia	5.46	2.54
Britain	6.21	1.26
British Virgin Islands	10.29	14.63
Cayman Islands	2.37	6.19
France	2.02	-
Germany	1.83	0.76
Hong Kong SAR	2.10	2.19
Indonesia	4.62	3.55
Isle of Man	-	0.77
Japan	1.29	4.02
Mauritius	2.33	=
New Zealand	-	2.08
Singapore	6.77	7.98
South Korea	1.83	7.08
Supranational	3.04	1.27
Switzerland	1.08	-
Thailand	3.14	3.75
United States of America	5.67	3.46
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income securities	0.95	0.78
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities	61.00	62.31
Quoted Investment Funds		
Singapore	37.09	34.38
Total Quoted Investment Funds	37.09	34.38
Portfolio of investments	98.09	96.69
Other net assets	1.91	3.31
Net assets attributable to unitholders	100.00	100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Industry (Secondary)	Fair value at 31 December 2023 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2023 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
Airlines Banks Debt Fund Diversified Financial Services Electric Engineering and Construction Entertainment Insurance Internet Lodging Multi-National Oil and Gas Real Estate Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS) Sovereign Telecommunications Transportation Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income securities	24,541,650 42,376,140 1,233,312 4,898,174 2,097,379 3,515,453 5,250,796 1,206,982 2,450,438 3,473,689 2,036,449 9,085,028 - 7,374,904 1,445,910	21.48 37.09 1.08 4.29 1.84 3.08 4.59 1.06 2.14 3.04 1.78 7.95	2.18 24.53 34.38 2.05
Portfolio of investments Other net assets Net assets attributable to unitholders	112,066,929 2,185,097 114,252,026	98.09 1.91 100.00	96.69 3.31 100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") is a Singapore domiciled fund, constituted under a Trust Deed dated 30 December 1988, as amended by Supplemental Deeds and Amended and Restated Deeds (collectively referred to as the "Deeds"). The Deeds are governed by the laws of the Republic of Singapore. The Trustee of the Fund is BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited (the "Trustee"). The Manager of the Fund is Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited (the "Manager").

There are currently three Classes of Units established within the Fund, namely SGD Class, USD Class and RMB Class.

The Classes differ in terms of their Class Currency, the minimum subscription amounts applicable and the availability of the option to elect for the automatic reinvestment of distributions.

As of 31 December 2023 and 2022, only units in the SGD Class and USD Class have been issued.

The Fund is single priced and the NAV of the Fund may fall as a result of the transaction costs incurred in the purchase and sale of its underlying investments and the spread between the buying and selling prices of such Investments caused by subscriptions, redemptions, switches and/or exchanges of units in the Fund. To protect unitholders' interests, the Manager shall, in consultation with the Trustee, have the discretion to apply dilution adjustment or swing pricing in certain circumstances which the Manager deem appropriate. Swing Pricing involves making upwards or downwards adjustments in the calculation of the NAV per unit of the Fund or Class on a particular Dealing Day so that such transaction costs and dealing spreads in respect of the underlying investments are, as far as practicable, passed on to the investors who are subscribing, realising, switching and/or exchanging units on that Dealing Day.

The NAV is adjusted if the net subscription or realisation (including switches and/or exchanges) on a particular Dealing Day reaches or exceeds a certain percentage (the "Swing Threshold") of the size of the Fund as of such relevant Dealing Day.

Any dilution adjustment as at the last dealing day of the year will be disclosed under Units in issue.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund did not reach the swing threshold and no swing pricing has been applied.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial instrument at fair value, and in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" ("RAP 7") issued and revised by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants in August 2023 for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

The adoption of the revised RAP 7 did not result in substantial changes to the accounting policies of the Fund and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior years.

(b) Recognition of income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

(c) Distributions

The Manager has the absolute discretion to determine whether a distribution is to be made. In such an event, an appropriate amount will be transferred to a distribution account to be paid on the distribution date. The amount shall not be treated as part of the property of the Fund. Distributions are accrued for at the reporting date if the necessary approvals have been obtained and a legal or constructive obligation has been created.

(d) Investments

Investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(i) Initial recognition

Purchases of investments are recognised on the trade date. Investments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Investments are subsequently carried at fair value. Net change in fair value on investments is included in the Statement of Total Return in the year in which they arise.

(iii) Derecognition

Investments are derecognised on the trade date of disposal. The resultant realised gains and losses on the sales of investments are computed on the basis of the difference between the weighted average cost and selling price gross of transaction costs, and are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(e) Basis of valuation of investments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The quoted market prices used for fixed income securities held by the Fund is the mid-market price for both financial asset and financial liabilities. Accrued interest or discount or premium on fixed income securities at financial year end date is included in the fair value of fixed income securities. Interest income on fixed income securities is presented within "Net gains/(losses) on investments" in the Statement of Total Return. The fair value of investments held in the underlying funds is the quoted net asset value of the underlying funds as determined by the underlying funds' administrator.

(f) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recognised at their fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

(g) Sales and purchases awaiting settlement

Sales and purchases awaiting settlement represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the Statement of Financial Position date respectively. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(h) Payables

Accrued expenses are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The Fund qualifies as an authorised scheme under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 ("SFA") of Singapore and is offered to retail investors in Singapore. The Fund's activities are substantially based in Singapore, with subscriptions and redemptions of the units of the Fund denominated in Singapore Dollar ("SGD") and United States Dollar ("USD").

The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to the investors in Singapore Dollar. The Manager considers the Singapore Dollar as the currency which most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are expressed in Singapore Dollar, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(j) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Singapore Dollar at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The net unrealised gain or loss is taken to the Statement of Total Return within the net foreign exchange gain or loss. Transactions during the year are recorded in Singapore Dollar at the rates of exchange ruling on transaction dates. All realised gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Total Return.

(k) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Fund or the counterparty.

(I) Margin and collateral accounts

Cash margin provided by the Fund is identified in the Statement of Financial Position as margin and collateral accounts and is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. For collateral other than cash, if the party to whom the collateral is provided has the right by contract or custom to sell or re-pledge the collateral, the Fund classifies that asset in its Statement of Financial Position separately from other assets and identifies the asset as pledged collateral. Where the party to whom the collateral is provided does not have the right to sell or re-pledge, a disclosure of the collateral provided is made in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

(m) Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes: (a) restricted activities, (b) a narrow and well-defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors, (c) insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support and (d) financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks (tranches).

The Fund considers all of their investments in other funds (the "Underlying Funds") to be investments in unconsolidated structured entities. The Fund invests in the Underlying Funds whose objectives range from achieving short to long term capital growth and whose investment strategy does not include the use of leverage. The Underlying Funds apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives. The Underlying Funds finance its operations by issuing redeemable units which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitles the unitholder to a proportional stake in the respective Underlying Funds' net assets. The Fund holds redeemable units in the Underlying Funds.

The change in fair value of the Underlying Funds are included in the Statement of Total Return in "Net (losses)/gains on investments".

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

(n) Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives are entered into for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, tactical asset allocation or specific hedging of financial assets held as determined by the Manager and in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds.

Financial derivatives outstanding at the end of the financial year are valued at forward rates or at current market prices using the "mark-to-market" method, as applicable, and the resultant gains and losses are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

When a financial derivative expires, or is sold or terminated, the gains or losses are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

(o) Expenses

Expenses are recognised in the Statement of Total Return as the related services are performed.

(p) Management fee

Management fee expense is recognised on an accrual basis and in accordance with the Prospectus. Management fee is recognised as an expense over the period for which the service is provided. The management fee charged on any investment in other unit trusts managed by the Manager is rebated back to the Fund, where applicable.

(q) Creation and cancellation of units

Units are issued and redeemed at the prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption for each respective class. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to the unitholders of each class of units.

3. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Uncertain tax positions

The Fund invests in securities issued by entities which are domiciled in countries other than Singapore. Many of these foreign countries have tax laws that indicate that capital gains taxes and interest income taxes may be applicable to non-residents, such as the Fund. Typically, these taxes are required to be determined on a self-assessment basis; therefore, such taxes may not be deducted by the bond issuer on a 'withholding' basis.

At 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund has provided for uncertain tax liabilities with respect to foreign capital gains taxes and foreign interest income taxes. The exposure to the Fund is disclosed under Note 6 Payables in "Provision for tax liabilities".

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

4. Income tax

The Fund has been approved by the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("MAS") under the Enhanced-Tier Fund ("ETF") Scheme (Section 13U of the Income Tax Act and the relevant Regulations). Subject to certain conditions being met on an annual basis, the Fund may enjoy Singapore corporate income tax exemption on "specified income" derived from "designated investments" for the life of the Fund. The tax exemption does not apply in the year when the relevant conditions are not met. Losses from "designated investments" are correspondingly disregarded. The terms "specified income" and "designated investments" are defined in the relevant income tax Regulations. The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund will ensure that the Fund fulfils its reporting obligations under the ETF Scheme.

Income tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprises:

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Singapore income tax Capital gains tax Overseas income tax	130,194 - -	142,892 3,683 11
	130,194	146,586

The Singapore income tax represents mainly tax charge on distribution from Singapore unit trusts. The overseas income tax represents tax deducted for interest earned derived from outside Singapore. Capital gains tax comprises of the tax on realised capital gains and provisions for potential capital gains tax outside Singapore.

5. Receivables

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Receivable from unitholders for creation of units	302,275	59,989

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

6. Payables

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Payable to unitholders for cancellation of units	380,920	157,083
Amount due to the Manager	227,360	248,634
Valuation fee payable	19,582	6,827
Transfer agent fee payable	7,323	2,428
Provision for audit fee	20,196	18,833
Custody fee payable	16,257	8,691
Provision for tax liabilities	133,967	137,740
Other payables	6,574	7,193
	812,179	587,429

Amount due to the Manager comprises of management fee and is payable to Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited. Trustee fee is payable out of the management fees by Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited to BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited. Custody fee and valuation fee are payable to BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch. Transfer agent fee is payable to BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch with effect from 1 April 2023.

7. Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives comprise of forward foreign exchange contracts for purchases and sales of foreign currencies. The year-end positive and negative fair values represent the unrealised gains and losses respectively on revaluation of forward foreign exchange contracts at the Statement of Financial Position date. The contract or underlying principal amounts of these financial derivatives and their corresponding gross positive or negative fair values at Statement of Financial Position date are analysed below.

	Contract or underlying principal amount		Year-end positive fair value		Year-end negative fair value	
	2023 S\$	2022 S\$	2023 S\$	2022 S\$	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Forward foreign exchange contracts	83,789,079	78,588,451	1,751,009	1,116,507	(265,011)	(71,181)

The Fund also restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading derivative instruments it holds by entering into master netting arrangements with approved brokers with whom it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. Master netting arrangements do not result in an offset of Statement of Financial Position assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. However, the credit risk is reduced by a master netting arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. The Fund's overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments, subject to a master netting arrangement, can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

7. Financial derivatives (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities which are subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar agreements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are detailed in the following table.

(i) Offsetting financial assets

				Related accour in the Statemer Posit	nt of Financial	
2023	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets S\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Financial instruments S\$	Cash collateral S\$	Net exposure S\$
Forward foreign						
exchange contracts	244,389	-	244,389	23,203	-	221,186
				Related accour in the Statemer Posit	nt of Financial	
2022	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets S\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Financial instruments S\$	Cash collateral S\$	Net exposure S\$
Forward foreign						
exchange contracts	1,116,507	-	1,116,507	-	-	1,116,507

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

7. Financial derivatives (continued)

(ii) Offsetting financial liabilities

The Fund has no financial liabilities which are subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar agreements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

			Related account in the Statement Positi	t of Financial		
2023	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities S\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set-off in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	liabilities presented in the Statement	Financial	Cash collateral S\$	Net exposure S\$
Forward foreign exchange contracts	264,277	_	264,277	23,203	_	241,074

8. Units in issue

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the number of units issued, redeemed and outstanding were as follows:

SGD Class	2023	2022
Units at beginning of the financial year Units created Units cancelled	116,551,318 8,819,707 (20,779,624)	133,093,099 10,021,365 (26,563,146)
Units at end of the financial year	104,591,401	116,551,318
Net assets attributable to unitholders - S\$ Net asset value per unit - S\$	112,395,267 1.0746	123,248,040 1.0575
USD Class	2023	2022
Units at beginning of the financial year Units created Units cancelled Units at end of the financial year	2,045,803 76,470 (394,445) 1,727,828	2,105,692 73,937 (133,826) 2,045,803
Net assets attributable to unitholders - S\$ Net asset value per unit - S\$	1,856,759 1.0746	2,163,247 1.0574

A reconciliation of the net asset value as reported in the Statement of Financial Position to the net asset value as determined for the purpose of processing unit subscription and redemption is provided below:

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

8. Units in issue (continued)

SGD Class	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per financial statements per unit Effects of distribution per unit Effect for movement in the net assets value between the last	1.0746 0.0035	1.0575 0.0035
dealing date and the end of the reporting period ^ Effects of adjustment on valuation of investment in the Underlying Funds Net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming	(0.0003)	(0.0004)
per unit	1.0778	1.0606
USD Class	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per financial statements per unit Effects of distribution per unit Effect for movement in the net assets value between the last dealing date and the end of the reporting period ^	1.0746 0.0035 _*	1.0574 0.0035
Effects of adjustment on valuation of investment in the Underlying Funds Net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming	(0.0003)	(0.0004)
per unit	1.0770	1.0605

[^] The net asset value for the purposes of processing unit subscription and redemption was established in accordance with the methodology indicated in the Fund's Prospectus. This item reflects the movement in net asset value between the last dealing date and the end of reporting period due to accrual of operating expenses.

9. Margin and collateral accounts

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Margin accounts	352	16,870

Margin accounts represents margin deposits held in respect of open exchange-traded futures contracts held with BNP Paribas, operating through its Singapore Branch. As of 31 December 2023 and 2022, there is no open exchange-traded futures.

^{*} Effect is less than 0.0001.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

10. Distributions

	2023 \$\$	2022 \$\$
January interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023	424,639	-
February interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the		
financial year ended 31 December 2023 March interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	422,064	-
ended 31 December 2023 April interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	418,204	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 May interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	417,417	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 June interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	418,227	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023 July interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	418,086	-
(ÚSD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023	403,720	-
August interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023	399,766	-
September interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023	396,960	
October interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.25 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		-
ended 31 December 2023 November interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the	393,622	-
financial year ended 31 December 2023 December final distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26	376,583	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023	372,027	-

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

10. Distributions (continued)

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
January interim distribution of S\$0.39 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 February interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) &	-	522,153
US\$0.29 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 March interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	-	505,951
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 April interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) & US\$0.28	-	500,028
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 May interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	-	497,649
ended 31 December 2022 June interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	-	480,549
ended 31 December 2022 July interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	-	477,391
ended 31 December 2022 August interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	-	459,890
ended 31 December 2022 September interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the	-	470,009
financial year ended 31 December 2022 October interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.25 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	-	452,735
ended 31 December 2022 November interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.25 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year and 31 December 2022	-	422,165
financial year ended 31 December 2022 December final distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	-	416,325
GNIGG OT DECEMBER 2022	4,861,315	415,068 5,619,913

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of risk, including but not limited to market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Manager is responsible for the implementation of the overall risk management programme, which seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. Specific guidelines on exposures to individual securities and certain industries and/or countries are in place as part of the overall financial risk management to reduce the Fund's exposures to these risks.

The Fund's investment objective is to provide regular income distributions while seeking to achieve returns in excess of 4% per annum over the medium to long term. The Fund will invest in a portfolio of bonds, money market instruments and currencies both in Singapore and in other global markets, taking into consideration the need for capital preservation.

These financial instruments are held in accordance with the published investment policies of the Fund and managed accordingly to achieve the investment objectives.

(a) Market risk - Price risk

Price risk is the risk that arises from uncertainties about future prices of financial instruments.

The Fund's investment is substantially dependent on the changes of market prices. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored regularly so as to assess any deviation from the Fund's investment objective. However, events beyond reasonable control of the Manager could affect the prices of the underlying investments and hence the net asset value of the Fund.

The Fund's market price risk is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio across various geographies and industries globally.

The market prices of financial assets held by the Fund are dependent on prevailing market interest rates, as the Fund invests in bonds issued by governments and corporations. No separate price risk sensitivity analysis is prepared as it is covered as part of interest rate risk sensitivity analysis.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk - Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates (fair value risk).

The Manager will regularly assess the economic condition, monitor changes in interest rates outlook and take appropriate measures accordingly to control the impact of interest rate risk. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored frequently and are reviewed formally on a quarterly basis by the Manager.

The tables below summarise the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. They include the Fund's assets and liabilities categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

Floating rate Fixed rate bearing	
<u>Up to 1 year 1-5 years </u>	Total S\$
Assets	
Portfolio of investments 22,041,792 5,259,012 15,759,139 25,550,221 43,456,765 112.	066,929
Receivables 302,275	302,275
Cash and cash	,
	580,678
Margin and collateral	,
accounts 352	352
Financial derivatives at	002
	751,009
	701,243
10tal assets 23,022,022 5,235,012 15,735,135 25,550,221 45,510,045 115,	101,243
Liabilities	
Payables 812,179	812,179
Distributions payable 372,027	372,027
Financial derivatives at	
fair value 265,011	265,011
Total liabilities 1,449,217 1,	449,217

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk - Interest rate risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2022

					Non-interest	
	Floating rate	4	-Fixed rate -	-	<u>bearing</u>	
		Up to 1 year	<u>1-5 years</u>	Over 5 years		<u>Total</u>
	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$
Assets						
Portfolio of investments	29,203,322	10,823,317	25,628,985	11,512,033	44,098,023	121,265,680
Receivables	-	-	-	-	59,989	59,989
Cash and cash						
equivalents	4,025,919	-	-	-	-	4,025,919
Margin and collateral						
accounts	16,870	-	-	-	-	16,870
Financial derivatives at						
fair value	-	-	-	-	1,116,507	1,116,507
Total assets	33,246,111	10,823,317	25,628,985	11,512,033	45,274,519	126,484,965
Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	587,429	587,429
Distributions payable	-	-	-	-	415,068	415,068
Financial derivatives at						
fair value		-	-	-	71,181	71,181
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,073,678	1,073,678

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, an increase/decrease of interest rates 1% (2022: 1%), with all other variables remaining constant, would result in a decrease/increase of the net assets attributable to unitholders by approximately 6% (2022: 4%). Reasonable possible changes in interest rate are revised annually depending on the Manager's current view of market volatility and other factors.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

To minimise currency risk, the Fund mainly holds its excess cash in its functional currency. For hedging purposes, the Fund may also enter into forward foreign exchange contracts.

The tables below summarise the Fund's exposure to currency risks.

As at 31 December 2023	SGD S\$	USD S\$	INR S\$	CNY S\$	AUD S\$	Others S\$	Total S\$
Assets							
Portfolio of investments	37,469,146	47,719,280	3,580,738	17,730,619	5,567,146	_	112,066,929
Receivables	300,967	1,308	, , <u>-</u>		, , -	-	302,275
Cash and cash equivalents	539,528	687,885	10,716	559	340,211	1,779	1,580,678
Margin and collateral accounts	-	352	-	=	=	-	352
Total assets	38,309,641	48,408,825	3,591,454	17,731,178	5,907,357	1,779	113,950,234
Liabilities							
Payables	812,179	-	-	-	-	-	812,179
Distributions payable	366,070	5,957	-	-	-	-	372,027
Total liabilities	1,178,249	5,957	-	-	-	-	1,184,206
Net off-balance sheet derivative							
financial instruments	69,073,901	(44,755,248)	-	(17,283,653)	(5,549,002)	-	
Net currency exposure	106,205,293	3,647,620	3,591,454	447,525	358,355	1,779	

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2022	SGD S\$	USD S\$	INR S\$	CNY S\$	Others S\$	Total S\$
Assets Portfolio of investments Receivables Cash and cash equivalents	40,987,979 59,989 3,970,054	60,531,385 - 30,221	1,606,941 - 10,959	18,139,375 - 13,172	- - - 1,513	121,265,680 59,989 4,025,919
Margin and collateral accounts	<u> </u>	16,870	<u> </u>	-	-	16,870
Total assets	45,018,022	60,578,476	1,617,900	18,152,547	1,513	125,368,458
Liabilities						
Payables	587,429		-	-	-	587,429
Distributions payable	407,930	7,138	-	-	-	415,068
Total liabilities	995,359	7,138	-	-	-	1,002,497
Net off-balance sheet derivative financial instruments	78,580,424	(59,490,927)	-	(18,044,171)		
Net currency exposure	122,603,087	1,080,411	1,617,900	108,376	1,513	

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk (continued)

Portfolio of investments, which is a significant item in the Statement of Financial Position is exposed to currency risk and other price risk. The Manager has considered the impact of currency risk sensitivity on non-monetary assets which include listed investment funds as part of the price risk sensitivity analysis.

As of 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund does not hold substantial monetary assets/liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in foreign exchange rates on monetary assets/liabilities will not result in a significant change in the net asset value of the Fund. Hence, no separate sensitivity analysis on foreign currency risk has been presented.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of loss arising from the inability of the Fund to meet its obligations as and when they fall due without incurring unacceptable cost or losses.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions from unitholders. However, in accordance with the Fund's prospectus, minimum holdings and redemption size are set.

To manage the liquidity risk, a cash buffer is maintained in the Fund and monitored for minimum cash balances to prevent any extensive disposition of assets which may occur at lower prices and overdraft situations to meet trade settlements and obligations.

The Fund's financial liabilities are analysed using contractual undiscounted cash flows for maturity groupings based on the remaining year at the Statement of Financial Position date to the contractual maturity date. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, all liabilities are either payable upon demand or due in less than 3 months. The impact of discounting is not significant.

	<u>Less than :</u>	3 months
	As at	As at
	31 December	31 December
	2023	2022
	S\$	S\$
Payables	812,179	587,429
Distributions payable	372,027	415,068
Contractual cash outflows		
(excluding gross settled derivatives)	1,184,206	1,002,497
	<u> </u>	

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's derivative financial instruments in a loss position that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the period at the Statement of Financial Position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 3 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than	3 months
	As at	As at
	31 December	31 December
	2023	2022
	S\$	S\$
Currency forwards		
- Outflow	(12,947,182)	(18,044,171)
- Inflow	12,682,171	17,972,990
Net outflow	(265,011)	(71,181)

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to fulfil its obligations to the Fund in part or in full as and when they fall due.

Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties as well as the respective credit limits are approved;
- ensuring there are controls in place to identify and assess the creditworthiness of counterparties and review such controls on a semi-annual basis; and
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a large number of counterparties.

The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on its financial assets held at amortised cost. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Fund's financial assets held at amortised cost as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position are realised within three months. The Manager considers the probability of default to be insignificant as the counterparties generally have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. Hence, no loss allowance has been recognised based on the 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be insignificant to the Fund.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Credit risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's investments by credit ratings. The credit ratings are reviewed regularly.

	Fair val	ue at	Fair valı	ue at
_	31 Decemb	er 2023	31 Decemb	er 2022
	Floating rate securities S\$	Fixed rate securities S\$	Floating rate securities S\$	Fixed rate securities S\$
Aaa *	-	9,282,960	-	9,419,301
A1	-	-	5,045,575	-
A2	2,405,219	5,104,298	-	5,597,085
A3	-	1,343,774	4,189,064	1,079,132
Baa1	3,932,707	7,686,856	5,197,478	-
Baa2	2,983,280	2,240,175	4,707,504	9,644,527
Baa3	2,089,690	3,243,431	953,500	-
Ba1	1,233,312	-	1,179,454	-
Ba3	2,953,644	6,536,172	-	6,461,895
B1	-	2,450,438	-	-
Not rated **	6,443,940	8,680,268	7,930,747	15,762,395
Accrued interest receivables on				
quoted fixed income securities	171,578	909,047	404,188	569,469
	22,213,370	47,477,419	29,607,510	48,533,804

^{*} The balance includes securities that are issued by government agencies of governments that have a Aaa rating as rated by Moody's.

All trade settlement with approved counterparties are on Delivery versus Payment and/or Receipt versus Payment basis, with the exception of initial public offerings, new issues and placement transactions.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and outstanding and committed transactions from brokers. The table below summarises the credit rating of bank and custodian in which the Fund's assets are held as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

^{**} Not rated securities are supported by internal and other rating agencies credit ratings but are not disclosed due to licencing restrictions.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Credit risk (continued)

	Credit rating as at 31 December 2023		Source of credit rating
Bank and custodian - BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch	Aa3	Aa3	Moody's
Counterparties of forward foreign exchange contracts			
- ANZ Bank	Aa3	Aa3	Moody's
- Goldman Sachs	A1	A2	Moody's
- ING Baring	N.A.	Baa1	Moody's
- HSBC Bank	Aa3	A3	Moody's
- Standard Chartered Bank	A 1	N.A.	Moody's

The credit ratings are based on Local Long-Term Bank Deposits published by the rating agency.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial instruments.

(f) Capital management

The Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Fund's investment objectives while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholder redemptions.

(g) Fair value estimation

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(g) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

As at 31 December 2023	Level 1 S\$	Level 2 S\$	Level 3 S\$	Total S\$
Assets Portfolio of investments:				
- Quoted fixed income securities	4,465,020	65,225,769	-	69,690,789
 Quoted investment funds 	42,376,140	-	-	42,376,140
Financial derivatives at fair value	-	1,751,009	-	1,751,009
	46,841,160	66,976,778	-	113,817,938
Liabilities				
Financial derivatives at fair value		265,011	-	265,011
As at 31 December 2022	Level 1 S\$	Level 2 S\$	Level 3 S\$	Total S\$
Assets Portfolio of investments:				
- Quoted fixed income securities	3,484,838	74,656,476	-	78,141,314
 Quoted investment funds 	43,124,366	-	-	43,124,366
Financial derivatives at fair value		1,116,507	-	1,116,507
	46,609,204	75,772,983	-	122,382,187
Liabilities				
Financial derivatives at fair value		71,181	-	71,181

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within Level 1, include investment funds and Singapore Government Bonds and Treasury Bills. Investments in open-ended investment funds whose net asset values are struck daily, price information is published and readily available and units are subscribed and redeemable on demand at the published price, are classified within Level 1. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include bonds issued by governments and corporations within the Asia Pacific region and over-the-counter derivatives.

The assets and liabilities included in the Statement of Financial Position except portfolio of investments are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are reasonable approximation of fair value.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(h) Interests in unconsolidated structured entities

The Fund's investments in the Underlying Funds are subject to the terms and conditions of the respective Underlying Funds' offering documentation and are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of those Underlying Funds. The Manager makes investment decisions after extensive due diligence of the Underlying Funds, its strategy and the overall quality of the Underlying Funds' manager. The Underlying Funds in the Statement of Portfolio is managed by the Manager who are compensated by the respective Underlying Funds for their services. Such compensation generally consists of an asset based fee and is reflected in the valuation of the Fund's investments in each of the Underlying Funds.

The Fund has the right to request redemption of its investments in the Underlying Funds on a daily basis.

The exposure to investments in the Underlying Funds at fair value is disclosed under the Statement of Portfolio. These investments are included in "Portfolio of investments" in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Fund's holdings in the Underlying Fund, as a percentage of the Underlying Fund's total net asset value, will vary from time to time dependent on the volume of subscriptions and redemptions at the Underlying Fund's level. It is possible that the Fund may, at any point in time, hold a majority of the Underlying Fund's total units in issue.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in the Underlying Funds is equal to the total fair value of its investments in the Underlying Funds.

Once the Fund has disposed of its units in the Underlying Fund, the Fund ceases to be exposed to any risk from that Underlying Funds.

12. Related party transactions

In addition to related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions took place during the financial year between the Fund and the related party at terms agreed between the parties and within the provisions of the Deeds:

	2023 S\$	2022 S\$
Bank balances held with related party of the Trustee	1,580,678	4,025,919
Margin balances held with related party of the Trustee	352	16,870

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

13. Financial ratios

Expense ratio		2022	2022
SGD Class		2023	2022
Total operating expenses Average daily net asset value Total expense ratio ¹	S\$ S\$	978,031 119,727,043	1,109,382 138,914,958
(including the Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.29	1.23
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds' unaudited expense ratio	%	0.47	0.43
USD Class		2023	2022
Total operating expenses Average daily net asset value Total expense ratio ¹	S\$ S\$	16,659 2,036,847	17,879 2,238,154
(including Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.29	1.23
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds' unaudited expense ratio	%	0.47	0.43
Turnover ratio		2023	2022
Lower of total value of purchases or sales Average daily net asset value Total turnover ratio ²	S\$ S\$ %	211,342,490 121,763,890 173.57	233,281,963 141,153,112 165.27

The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). This is the sum of the Fund's expense ratio and the weighted average of the Underlying Fund's unaudited expense ratio. The calculation of the expense ratio at financial year end was based on total operating expenses divided by the average net asset value for the year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the daily balances.

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales of the underlying investments, divided by the average daily net asset value.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

The following contains additional information relating to the Fund.

1. Distribution of investments

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 16 to 20.

2. Credit rating of debt securities

	Fair value at	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at
	31 December	
	2023	2023
	S\$	%
Aaa	9,282,960	8.12
A2	7,509,517	6.57
A3	1,343,774	1.18
Baa1	11,619,563	10.17
Baa2	5,223,455	4.57
Baa3	5,333,121	4.67
Ba1	1,233,312	1.08
Ba3	9,489,816	8.31
B1	2,450,438	2.14
Not rated	15,124,208	13.24
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income	, ,	
securities	1,080,625	0.95
Total	69,690,789	61.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. Top 10 holdings

10 largest holdings at 31 December 2023	Fair value S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders %
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	24,645,521	21.57
Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	17,730,619	15.52
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due	,,.	
23/01/2025	3,878,173	3.39
Singapore Government Bond 3% due 01/08/2072	3,617,695	3.17
Resorts World Las Vegas LLC 8.45% due 27/07/2030	3,515,453	3.08
Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 4.866%		
due 15/03/2033	2,983,280	2.61
United States Treasury Note 2.75% due 15/02/2024	2,958,649	2.59
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Limited		
6.742% due 08/12/2032	2,827,775	2.48
Elect Global Investments Limited 4.85% due		
31/12/2060	2,767,223	2.42
HSBC Holdings Public Listed Company 6.547% due	0.700.700	0.40
20/06/2034	2,763,766	2.42
10 largest holdings at 31 December 2022		Percentage of total net assets attributable to
10 largest holdings at 31 December 2022	Fair value	total net assets
10 largest holdings at 31 December 2022	Fair value S\$	total net assets attributable to
	S\$	total net assets attributable to unitholders %
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	S\$ 24,984,991	total net assets attributable to unitholders %
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	S\$	total net assets attributable to unitholders %
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due	24,984,991 18,139,375	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061	24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023	24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024	24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due	24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025	\$\$ 24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767 4,451,937	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58 3.55
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025 United States Treasury Note/Bond 4% due 15/11/2052	\$\$ 24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767 4,451,937 4,337,452	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58 3.55 3.46
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025 United States Treasury Note/Bond 4% due 15/11/2052 Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061	\$\$ 24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767 4,451,937	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58 3.55
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025 United States Treasury Note/Bond 4% due 15/11/2052 Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061 Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Incorporation 5.063% due	\$\$ 24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767 4,451,937 4,337,452 3,063,979	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58 3.55 3.46 2.44
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025 United States Treasury Note/Bond 4% due 15/11/2052 Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061	\$\$ 24,984,991 18,139,375 4,707,504 4,598,791 4,490,767 4,451,937 4,337,452	total net assets attributable to unitholders % 19.92 14.46 3.75 3.67 3.58 3.55 3.46

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

4. Exposure to financial derivatives

	Fair value at	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at		
	31 December 2023	31 December 2023	Unrealised gains/(losses)	Realised gains/(losses)
	S\$	%	S\$	S\$
Forward foreign exchange contracts Futures contracts	1,485,998 -	1.30	1,485,998	(766,644) (404,501)

5. Global exposure to financial derivatives

The global exposure to financial derivatives is computed using the commitment approach which is calculated as the sum of:

- a. the absolute value of the exposure of each individual financial derivative not involved in netting or hedging arrangements;
- b. the absolute value of the net exposure of each individual financial derivative after netting or hedging arrangements; and
- c. the sum of the values of cash collateral received pursuant to:
 - i. the reduction of exposure to counterparties of OTC financial derivatives; and
 - ii. EPM techniques relating to securities lending and repurchase transactions, and that are reinvested.

6. Collateral

Please refer to Note 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 30.

7. Securities lending or repurchase transactions

Nil.

8. Investment in unit trusts, mutual funds and collective investment schemes

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 16 to 20.

9. Borrowings

Nil.

10. Amount of units created and cancelled for the financial year ended 31 December 2023

S\$

Units created 9,459,983 Units cancelled (22,390,352)

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. Turnover ratio

Please refer to Note 13 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 44.

12. Expense ratio

Please refer to Note 13 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 44.

13. Related party transactions

Please refer to Note 12 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 43.

14. Any other material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the Fund

Nil.

15. Soft dollar commissions/arrangements

In their management of the Fund, the Managers currently do not receive or enter into any soft dollar commissions or arrangements.



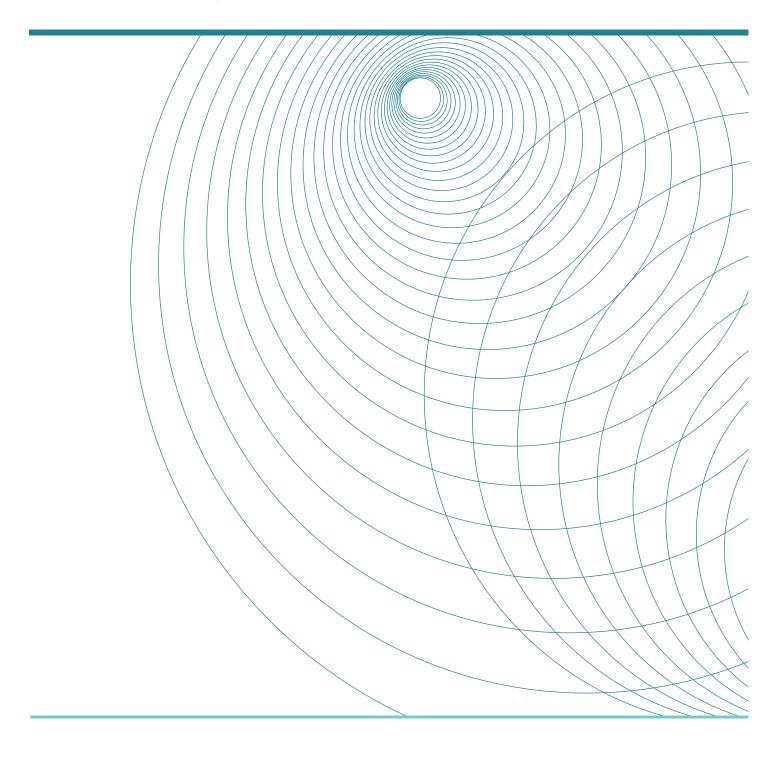






SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund

Financial period ending 30 June 2023



MANAGERS

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited 12 Marina View, #18-02, Asia Square Tower 2, Singapore 018961 Company Registration No. 198202562H

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGERS

Kiyotaka Ryu Seet Oon Hui Eleanor

TRUSTEE & REGISTRAR

BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One, East Tower, Level 12, Singapore 018936

CUSTODIAN

BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

This report is also available on our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg)

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (S\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	0.83	2.70	0.34	-1.33	1.09	1.79	3.80

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at a 30 June 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	-4.22	-2.43	-4.68	-3.01	0.06	1.27	3.65

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 30 June 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 31 January 1989

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (US\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	-1.00	1.76	3.19	-0.34	1.25	1.13	3.32

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 30 June 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	-5.95	-3.33	-1.97	-2.03	0.22	0.61	3.04

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 30 June 2023. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 2 August 2004 (US\$ Class)

Note

With effect from 17 October 2011, the Fund (formerly known as "Shenton Income Fund") has been renamed Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund. With effect from 2 January 2013, there is no benchmark for the fund as it is managed on an absolute return basis. Prior to that, the benchmark was 12-mth Singapore Dollar fixed deposit rate.

Portfolio Review

Fund generates returns of 2.70% in 1H2023

The Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") posted a return of 2.70% (in SGD terms, on a NAV-NAV basis) in the six months to end June 2023. As at the end of June 2023, the Fund had 58.18% of its assets invested in Asian local currency bonds, 32.15% invested in investment grade bonds, and 9.19% invested in high-yield (HY) papers. The level of cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period stood at 0.47%.

Market Review

The US Federal Reserve (Fed) hiked policy rates by 75 bps over the period

US Treasuries (USTs) experienced a volatile period in the first six months of the year. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) continued tightening monetary policy, hiking the Federal Funds Rate by a total of 75 basis points (bps) during the period. UST yields initially trended higher after a strong January jobs report and slower-than-expected pace of disinflation in the US stoked worries that the US central bank could maintain its restrictive monetary policy for longer than initially expected. The swift collapse of Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) in early March prompted an abrupt drop in UST yields. As investors scoured for signs of contagion in the global banking industry, shares and bonds of global banks, including Credit Suisse (CS), plunged. The complete write-down of CS' Additional Tier 1 bonds (AT1s) initially triggered an outsized negative reaction in the financial community. A semblance of calm was subsequently restored in markets, following assurances by major banking regulators that AT1 securities are placed above common equity instruments in their jurisdictions.

UST yields stayed largely range-bound from April to mid-May. Developments on US debt ceiling negotiations were at the forefront of investor attention during this time, with yields rising as US debt ceiling negotiations moved closer to an agreement. The Fed kept interest rates unchanged in June but communicated it was retaining a tightening bias. In particular, the central bank signalled that two more increases are likely this year as inflation remains elevated. Besides the Fed, other major global central banks including the Bank of England, Bank of Canada and European Central Bank — all of which delivered rate hikes — were likewise hawkish. Meanwhile, key US economic data released towards the end of the period remained largely above the Fed's comfort zone.

At the end of the period, the benchmark 2-year UST yield was at 4.90%, up 47 bps, while the benchmark 10-year UST yield was at 3.84%, down by about 4 bps as compared to end-December 2022.

Asian local government bond yields ended mostly lower; most Asian currencies weakened against the USD

Yields of Asian local government bonds mostly fell over the period. Relatively higher-yielding government bonds from countries such as Indonesia and the Philippines outperformed. Meanwhile, South Korean and Singapore Government Securities underperformed, given their relatively higher sensitivities to UST moves. Separately, currencies in the region weakened against the US dollar (USD) in the six-month period, as demand for the latter was sustained by the Fed's continued monetary policy tightening.

Inflationary pressures eased

Easing food inflation prompted key gauges of overall price pressures to mostly moderate in the period. In the latest reading, Singapore's headline Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 5.1% year-on-year in May 2023, lower than the 6.5% increase in December 2022. In South Korea, the May 2023 CPI registered 3.3%, moderating significantly from the December 2022 print of 5.0%. Consumer prices in Indonesia rose 4.0% in May 2023, down from 5.51% at the end of last year, returning to within the central bank's target range of 2–4% earlier than expected. Meanwhile, price pressures in Thailand moderated sharply in the period, to 0.53% from 5.89%, undershooting the Bank of Thailand's target range of 1–3%.

Central banks took divergent monetary paths

Monetary authorities in the region took divergent monetary paths towards the latter part of the period. Central banks in Malaysia and Thailand raised their respective policy rates by 25 bps each in May 2023. According to Bank Negara Malaysia, resilient domestic demand and the need to pre-empt a buildup of financial imbalance risks warranted the move. Meanwhile, Bank of Thailand declared that a gradual, measured policy normalisation "toward a level consistent with long-term sustainable growth" was still appropriate. Separately, monetary authorities in South Korea, India, Indonesia and the Philippines left policy rates unchanged in the second quarter of 2023. Over in China, the central bank lowered several policy rates in June 2023, following a slew of significantly weak domestic data.

Asia Credits

Asian credits registered gains

Asian credits registered +2.92% in total return, prompted largely by a 4 basis-point tightening in credit spreads and lower UST yields. Asian high-grade (HG) credits outperformed their HY counterparts, gaining 3.07%, as spreads narrowed by about 7 bps. Meanwhile, Asian HY returned +1.99% over the period, despite credit spreads widening by 22 bps.

Asian credit spreads tightened steadily at the start of 2023, buoyed by optimism that the US has moved beyond peak inflation, and on expectations of robust Chinese economic recovery with the effective removal of essentially all COVID restrictions. Chinese policymakers' resolve to provide additional support for its property sector triggered a significant narrowing in spreads of Chinese property credits. However, the sudden collapse of SVB prompted an abrupt reversal in sentiment. As global banking sector fears ebbed, sovereign bond and credit markets stabilised.

Spreads subsequently stayed range-bound, on the back of mixed, but relatively benign, global macro news. Although China recorded robust first quarter growth, concerns around the sustainability of China's recovery, together with uncertainty over US monetary policy, weighed on sentiment. Idiosyncratic news on the Chinese technology sector as well as some Chinese HY property companies triggered further weakness in those spaces. Risk tone continued to soften, on concerns around a possible US default and renewed stress in US regional banks. Spreads drifted wider after data suggested China's growth momentum is rapidly slowing. Meanwhile, the sell-off in Chinese property credits intensified amid negative issuer-specific headlines and softening new housing sales momentum, portending lingering challenges facing the sector.

Sentiment turned positive towards the end of the period, as US debt ceiling negotiations moved closer to an agreement, and speculation mounted about a potential significant stimulus package from Chinese policymakers. Although the Chinese government revived its growth-supportive stance, policy stimulus fell short of expectations. This, together with another default in the China real estate space, prompted another reversal in risk tone, particularly within Chinese credits.

Market Outlook and Strategy

Asia macro and corporate credit fundamentals to stay robust, but valuation somewhat stretched

Macro and corporate credit fundamentals across Asia are expected to stay robust, albeit slightly weaker than in 2022, with resilient domestic demand and the recovery of tourism, particularly in India and ASEAN economies, offsetting the weakness in goods exports. Asian banking systems remain strong, with stable deposit base, robust capitalisation, benign asset quality and improving profitability which will enable Asian banks to withstand the modestly more challenging growth environment ahead.

But we are entering a more uncertain phase with multiple cross currents, both regional and global, at play, including the Fed's next move, developed markets' recession risk, softening of China's recovery momentum as well as ongoing geopolitical tensions. These uncertainties, coupled with the resilience of Asia credit thus far, make the valuation of Asia HG credit looks a bit stretched versus both historical levels as well as developed market spreads. At the same time, more meaningful property easing measures from Chinese authorities are needed to stabilise the Chinese HY market, the delivery of which remains uncertain despite growing expectations. As such, we are biased towards a more cautious risk positioning in the near-term, while acknowledging that favourable technical conditions due to the much lower gross supply this year may keep spreads tight for some time.

Prefer higher-yielding bonds

Headline inflation for most countries in the region has eased considerably, and market focus has shifted to growth. These factors are fuelling increasing expectations of central bank pivots within the latter half of the year. We remain constructive on relatively higher-yielding government bonds, on the back of the supportive macro backdrop for these countries. Our preference for higher-yielders is further grounded on the view that lower-yielding government bonds will be more vulnerable to volatility in US Treasury bonds.

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Past performance or any prediction, projection or forecast is not indicative of future performance. The Fund or any underlying fund may use or invest in financial derivative instruments. The value of units and income from them may fall or rise. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of principal amount invested. You should read the relevant prospectus (including the risk warnings) and product highlights sheet of the Fund, which are available and may be obtained from appointed distributors of Nikko AM Asia or our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg) before deciding whether to invest in the Fund.

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(Where relevant – for funds included under CPFIS) The Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Ordinary Account ("OA") interest rate is the legislated minimum 2.5% per annum, or the 3-month average of major local banks' interest rates, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. The interest rate for Special Account ("SA") is currently 4% per annum or the 12-month average yield of 10-year Singapore Government Securities plus 1%, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. Only monies in excess of \$20,000 in OA and \$40,000 in SA can be invested under the CPF Investment Scheme ("CPFIS"). Please refer to the website of the CPF Board for further information. Investors should note that the applicable interest rates for the CPF accounts and the terms of CPFIS may be varied by the CPF Board from time to time.

For Hong Kong Investors

The Fund may only be offered to professional investors in Hong Kong and is not authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to this document. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited. Registration Number 198202562H

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

	30 June 2023 S\$	30 June 2022 S\$
Income Dividends	872,707	1,015,728
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	111,481	2,837
Other Income	6,005	19,334
Other income	990,193	1,037,899
Less: Expenses Management fee	620,817	743,435
Management fee rebate	(179,949)	(219,306)
Transfer agent fee	22,171	18,026
Custody fee	10,487	9,459
Audit fee	9,779	9,485
Valuation fee	12,417	14,861
Transaction costs	19,642	24,566
Other expenses	20,034	13,102
	535,398	613,628
Net income	454,795	424,271
Net gains or losses on value of investments and financial derivatives		
Net gains/(losses) on investments	2,597,916	(5,223,563)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	442,682	(277,024)
Net losses on financial derivatives	(127,441)	(733,761)
	2,913,157	(6,234,348)
Total return/(deficit) for the financial period before		
income tax	3,367,952	(5,810,077)
Less: Income tax	(68,304)	(69,444)
Total return/(deficit) for the financial period after income tax	3,299,648	(5,879,521)

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	30 June 2023 S\$	31 December 2022 \$\$
ASSETS Portfolio of investments Receivables Cash and cash equivalents Margin and collateral accounts Financial derivatives at fair value Total assets	123,451,820 120,348 4,652,311 286,261 175,219 128,685,959	121,265,680 59,989 4,025,919 16,870 1,116,507 126,484,965
LIABILITIES Payables Purchases awaiting settlement Distributions payable Financial derivatives at fair value Total liabilities	599,048 3,383,364 418,229 715,378 5,116,019	587,429 - 415,068 71,181 1,073,678
EQUITY Net assets attributable to unitholders	123,569,940	125,411,287

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

	30 June 2023 S\$	31 December 2022 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the financial period/year	125,411,287	158,344,911
Operations Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations	3,299,648	(9,173,538)
Unitholders' contributions/(withdrawals)		
Creation of units Cancellation of units	5,108,700 (7,730,917)	11,249,584 (29,389,757)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from net creation and cancellation of units	(2,622,217)	(18,140,173)
Distributions	(2,518,778)	(5,619,913)
Total decreases in net assets attributable to unitholders	(1,841,347)	(32,933,624)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the financial period/year	123,569,940	125,411,287

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary)	Holdings at 30 June 2023	Fair value at 30 June 2023 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2023
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		Οψ	70
AUSTRALIA Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Limited 6.742% due 08/12/2032 Macquarie Bank Limited 4.875% due 10/06/2025 Macquarie Bank Limited 6.798% due 18/01/2033 National Australia Bank Limited 6.429% due 12/01/2033 NSW Electricity Networks Finance Pty Limited 2.543% due 23/09/2030 Scentre Group Trust 2 4.75% due 24/09/2080 Total AUSTRALIA	2,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000	2,800,825 2,622,020 1,358,731 1,371,621 2,117,604 2,426,547 12,697,348	2.27 2.12 1.10 1.11 1.72 1.96
BRITAIN HSBC Holdings Public Listed Company 4.5% due 07/06/2029 HSBC Holdings Public Listed Company 6.547% due	2,000,000	2,000,603	1.62
20/06/2034 Prudential Funding Asia Public Listed Company 4.875%	1,600,000	2,157,452	1.74
due 31/12/2049 Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 1.822% due 23/11/2025 Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 6.187% due	1,220,000 2,000,000	1,440,253 2,531,782	1.17 2.05
06/07/2027 Total BRITAIN	2,500,000	3,385,555 11,515,645	2.74 9.32
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS Elect Global Investments Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2060 Huarong Finance 2017 Company Limited 3.8% due	2,000,000	2,111,218	1.71
07/11/2025 Panther Ventures Limited 3.38% due 30/03/2171 Panther Ventures Limited 3.5% due 31/12/2060 Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061 Wing Tai Properties Finance Limited 4.35% due	3,500,000 3,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	3,059,560 2,121,965 1,763,826 2,302,378	2.48 1.72 1.43 1.86
31/12/2049 Total BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	1,000,000	869,500 12,228,447	9.90
CAYMAN ISLANDS PCGI Intermediate Holdings II Limited 5.5% due 22/11/2024 Total CAYMAN ISLANDS	1,200,000	1,522,750 1,522,750	1.23 1.23
GERMANY Commerzbank AG 4.2% due 18/09/2028 Commerzbank AG 5.7% due 03/05/2033 Total GERMANY	2,750,000 1,750,000	2,669,538 1,735,187 4,404,725	2.16 1.40 3.56
HONG KONG SAR Bank of East Asia Limited 4% due 29/05/2030 Total HONG KONG SAR	3,000,000	3,751,634 3,751,634	3.04 3.04
INDONESIA Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025 Total INDONESIA	4,000,000	5,087,115 5,087,115	4.12 4.12

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued)	Holdings at 30 June 2023	Fair value at 30 June 2023	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2023
Quoted Fixed Income Securities (continued)		S\$	%
JAPAN Rakuten Group Incorporation 10.25% due 30/11/2024 Total JAPAN	2,000,000	2,686,359 2,686,359	2.17 2.17
MALAYSIA Khazanah Global Sukuk Berhad 4.687% due 01/06/2028 Total MALAYSIA	830,000	1,109,033 1,109,033	0.90 0.90
MAURITIUS Diamond II Limited 7.95% due 28/07/2026 Total MAURITIUS	2,600,000	3,464,368 3,464,368	2.80 2.80
SINGAPORE ESR-Logos REIT 5.5% due 09/12/2170 Keppel Corporation Limited 2.9% due 16/03/2170 Mapletree Logistics Trust 5.2074% due 31/12/2049 Total SINGAPORE	2,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	1,845,940 2,772,825 2,988,195 7,606,960	1.49 2.24 2.42 6.15
SUPRANATIONAL Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank 4.5% due 29/01/2024 European Bank For Reconstruction & Development 4.25% due 07/02/2028 European Bank For Reconstruction & Development 6.3%	15,000,000,000 30,000,000,000	1,340,685 2,543,802	1.09 2.06
European Bank For Reconstruction & Development 6.3% due 26/10/2027 International Finance Corporation 6.3% due 25/11/2024 Total SUPRANATIONAL	100,000,000 100,000,000	1,609,126 1,632,288 7,125,901	1.30 1.32 5.77
THAILAND Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 Thaioil Treasury Center Company Limited 3.5% due 17/10/2049	4,000,000 1,000,000	4,883,247 865,667	3.95 0.70
Thaioil Treasury Center Company Limited 4.875% due 23/01/2043 Total THAILAND	1,000,000	1,108,971 6,857,885	0.90 5.55
Accrued interest receivable on quoted fixed income securities		910,442	0.73
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities		80,968,612	65.52

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued) Quoted Investment Funds	Holdings at 30 June 2023	Fair value at 30 June 2023 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2023 %
SINGAPORE Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Total SINGAPORE	21,920,208 33,946,999	17,600,058 24,883,150 42,483,208	14.24 20.14 34.38
Total Quoted Investment Funds		42,483,208	34.38
Portfolio of investments Other net assets Net assets attributable to unitholders		123,451,820 118,120 123,569,940	99.90 0.10 100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Summary)	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2023 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		
Australia	10.28	2.54
Britain	9.32	1.26
British Virgin Islands	9.90	14.63
Cayman Islands	1.23	6.19
Germany	3.56	0.76
Hong Kong SAR	3.04	2.19
Indonesia	4.12	3.55
Isle of Man	<u>-</u>	0.77
Japan	2.17	4.02
Malaysia	0.90	=
Mauritius New Zealand	2.80	2.08
Singapore	6.15	7.98
South Korea	0.15	7.98 7.08
Supranational	5.77	1.27
Thailand	5.55	3.75
United States of America	-	3.46
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income securities	0.73	0.78
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities	65.52	62.31
Quoted Investment Funds	24.20	24.20
Singapore Total Quoted Investment Funds	34.38 34.38	34.38
rotal Quoteu investment runus	34.30	34.38
Portfolio of investments	99.90	96.69
Other net assets	0.10	3.31
Net assets attributable to unitholders	100.00	100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Industry (Secondary)	Fair value at 30 June 2023 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2023 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
Airlines	-	-	2.18
Banks	31,472,063	25.47	24.53
Debt Funds	42,483,208	34.38	34.38
Diversified Financial Services	-	-	2.05
Electric	5,581,972	4.52	-
Engineering and Construction	5,075,203	4.11	5.65
Insurance	2,963,003	2.40	4.33
Internet	2,686,359	2.17	-
Investment Companies	4,168,593	3.37	-
Lodging	4,883,247	3.95	6.12
Multi-National	7,125,901	5.77	1.27
Oil and Gas	1,974,638	1.60	-
Real Estate	14,127,191	11.43	4.00
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)	-	-	2.38
Sovereign	-	-	7.13
Transportation	-	-	1.89
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed			
income securities	910,442	0.73	0.78
Portfolio of investments	123,451,820	99.90	96.69
Other net assets	118,120	0.10	3.31
Net assets attributable to unitholders	123,569,940	100.00	100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

The following contains additional information relating to the Fund.

1. Distribution of investments

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 10 to 14.

2. Credit rating of debt securities

		i ercentage or
		total net assets
		attributable to
	Fair value at	unitholders at
	30 June 2023	30 June 2023
	S\$	%
Aaa	2,972,973	2.41
A2	3,885,791	3.15
A3	10,467,226	8.47
Baa1	10,867,663	8.79
Baa2	14,733,236	11.92
Baa3	6,379,363	5.16
Ba1	3,059,560	2.48
Ba3	8,551,483	6.92
Not rated	19,140,875	15.49
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income		
securities	910,442	0.73
Total	80,968,612	65.52

Percentage of

3. Top 10 holdings

10 Largest holdings at 30 June 2023	Percentage of total net assets attributable to	
	Fair value	unitholders
	S\$	<u>%</u>
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	24,883,150	20.14
Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	17,600,058	14.24
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due		
23/01/2025	5,087,115	4.12
Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due		
31/12/2061	4,883,247	3.95
Bank of East Asia Limited 4% due 29/05/2030	3,751,634	3.04
Diamond II Limited 7.95% due 28/07/2026	3,464,368	2.80
Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 6.187%	, ,	
due 06/07/2027	3,385,555	2.74
Huarong Finance 2017 Company Limited 3.8% due	, ,	
07/11/2025	3,059,560	2.48
Mapletree Logistics Trust 5.2074% due 31/12/2049	2,988,195	2.42
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Limited		
6.742% due 08/12/2032	2,800,825	2.27

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

3. Top 10 holdings (continued)

10 Largest holdings at 30 June 2022	Percentage of total net assets attributable to		
	Fair value	unitholders at	
	S\$	%	
Nildra AM Chaptan Asia Dand Frind	20 670 006	20.14	
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	28,678,886	20.14	
Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	22,357,050	15.70	
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due			
23/01/2025	4,807,841	3.38	
KB Kookmin Card Company Limited 4% due 09/06/2025	3,317,509	2.33	
Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 19/08/2022	2,992,035	2.10	
Keppel Corporation Limited 2.9% due 16/03/2170	2,827,555	1.99	
Frasers Property AHL Limited 3% due 09/10/2028	2,801,515	1.97	
Celestial Miles Limited 5.75% due 31/12/2049	2,787,737	1.96	
Indonesia Asahan Aluminium Persero PT 4.75% due			
15/05/2025	2,769,478	1.94	
Huarong Finance 2019 Company Limited 2.63143%			
due 24/02/2023	2,735,590	1.92	

4. Exposure to financial derivatives

		Percentage of total net assets attributable to		
	Fair value at	unitholders at	Unrealised	Realised
	30 June 2023	30 June 2023	gains/(losses)	gains/(losses)
	S\$	%	S\$	S\$
Forward foreign				
exchange contracts	(533,646)	(0.43)	(533,646)	472,310
Futures contracts	(6,513)	(0.01)	(6,513)	(59,592)

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

5. Global exposure to financial derivatives

The global exposure to financial derivatives is computed using the commitment approach which is calculated as the sum of:

- a. the absolute value of the exposure of each individual financial derivative not involved in netting or hedging arrangements;
- b. the absolute value of the net exposure of each individual financial derivative after netting or hedging arrangements; and
- c. the sum of the values of cash collateral received pursuant to:
 - i. the reduction of exposure to counterparties of OTC financial derivatives; and
 - EPM techniques relating to securities lending and repurchase transactions, and that are reinvested.

6. Collateral accounts

Margin accounts

30 June 2023 31 December 2022 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ **286,261** 16,870

Margin accounts represents margin deposits held in respect of open exchange-traded futures contracts held with BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch. As of 31 December

7. Securities lending or repurchase transactions

2022, there was no open exchange-traded futures.

Nil.

8. Investment in unit trusts, mutual funds and collective investment schemes

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 10 to 14.

9. Borrowings

Nil.

10. Amount of units created and cancelled for the financial period ended 30 June 2023

S\$

Units created 5,108,700 Units cancelled (7,730,917)

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

11. Turnover ratio

		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
Lower of total value of purchases or sales	S\$	107,486,542	147,055,058
Average daily net asset value	S\$	125,173,904	149,777,248
Total turnover ratio ¹	%	85.87	98.18

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales of the underlying investments, divided by the average daily net asset value.

12. Expense ratio

·		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
SGD Class			
Total operating expenses	S\$	1,036,067	
Average daily net asset value Total expense ratio ²	S\$	126,978,011	152,956,112
(including Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.27	1.22
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds'			
unaudited expense ratio	%	0.45	0.42
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
<u>USD Class</u>			
Total operating expenses	S\$	17,308	19,360
Average daily net asset value	S\$	2,118,483	2,417,000
Total expense ratio ² (including Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.27	1.22
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds'			
unaudited expense ratio	%	0.45	0.42

The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). This is the sum of the Fund's expense ratio and the weighted average of the Underlying Funds' unaudited expense ratio. The calculation of the expense ratio at financial period end was based on total operating expenses divided by the average net asset value for the year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the daily balances.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial period from 01 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 (unaudited)

13. Related party transactions

The Manager of the Fund is Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, a subsidiary of Nikko Asset Management International Limited. The Trustee of the Fund is BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited (the "Trustee").

Management fee is payable to the Manager. Trustee fee is payable out of management fees by Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited to BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited. Custody fee and valuation fee are payable to a related company of the Trustee, BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch. Transfer agent fee is payable to BNP Paribas, acting through its Singapore Branch with effect from 1 April 2023.

In addition to related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements (including the Statement of Portfolio), the following significant transactions took place during the financial period between the Fund and a related party at terms agreed between the parties and within the provisions of the Deeds:

	30 June	31 December
	2023	2022
	S\$	S\$
Bank balances held with related party of the Trustee	4.652.311	4.025.919
Margin accounts held with related party of the Trustee	286,261	16,870

14. Any other material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the Fund

Nil.

15. Soft dollar commissions/arrangements

In their management of the Fund, the Managers currently do not receive or enter into any soft dollar commissions or arrangements.











ANNUAL REPORT

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund

MANAGERS

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited 12 Marina View, #18-02, Asia Square Tower 2, Singapore 018961 Company Registration No. 198202562H

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGERS

Kiyotaka Ryu Seet Oon Hui Eleanor Hiroki Tsujimura

TRUSTEE & REGISTRAR

BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One, East Tower, Level 12, Singapore 018936

BNP Paribas, operating through its Singapore Branch 20 Collyer Quay, #01-01 Singapore 049319

This report is also available on our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg)

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (S\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	-0.03	-2.30	-6.01	-1.55	0.05	1.62	3.78

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as a 31 December 2022. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - SGD Class	-5.03	-7.19	-10.71	-3.22	-0.97	1.10	3.62

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2022. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, SGD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 31 January 1989

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (US\$)

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	7.11	1.40	-5.55	-1.48	-0.03	0.68	3.31

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2022. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Returns (%)	3 Mth	6 Mth	1 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	Since Inception
Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund - USD Class	1.75	-3.67	-10.28	-3.15	-1.05	0.16	3.03

Source: Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, returns as at 31 December 2022. Returns are calculated on a NAV-NAV basis, USD, and based on the assumption that all dividends and distributions are reinvested, if any, and take into account of maximum initial sales charge and a realisation charge, currently nil, as and where applicable. Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

Inception date: 2 August 2004 (US\$ Class)

Note

With effect from 17 October 2011, the Fund (formerly known as "Shenton Income Fund") has been renamed Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund. With effect from 2 January 2013, there is no benchmark for the fund as it is managed on an absolute return basis. Prior to that, the benchmark was 12-mth Singapore Dollar fixed deposit rate.

Portfolio Review

Fund generates returns of -6.01% in 2022

The Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") posted a return of -6.01% (in SGD terms, on a NAV-NAV basis) in the 12 months period ending December 2022. As at the end of December 2022, the Fund had 48.23% of its assets invested in Asian local currency bonds, 39.86% invested in investment grade bonds, and 8.24% invested in high-yield papers. The level of cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period stood at 3.67%.

Market Review

The US Treasury (UST) yield curve shifted higher in 2022

2022 delivered adverse shocks that sparked a surge in inflation, prompting a hawkish shift from global central banks, which in turn resulted in a significant tightening of financial conditions, a momentous rise in global bond yields and a surge in the US dollar (USD). The US Federal Reserve (Fed) raised the Fed Funds Rate by a total of 425 basis points (bps) over the year, determined to slow growth to ease inflationary pressures, with Fed Chairman Jerome Powell outrightly acknowledging that some economic pain might be necessary to curb inflation. Throughout most of the period, fears that the US central bank might keep interest rates in restrictive territory for a longer period than anticipated was the main source of upward pressure for bond yields.

Monetary policy expectations shifted markedly lower towards the end of the year on hopes that inflationary pressures would finally ebb, after US October headline and core consumer price index (CPI) prints both moderated by more than forecast. This prompted a significant rally in Treasury bonds as well as risk assets. That said, treasury bonds gave up some gains following Bank of Japan's decision to tweak its yield curve control (YCC)—widening the tolerance band around its 10-year Japanese government bond (JGB) yield target to \pm 0.5% (from \pm 0.25%), amid prospects for increased growth and higher inflation amid China's rollback of COVID isolation measures.

At the end of 2022, the benchmark 2-year and 10-year UST yields ended the period at 4.429% and 3.877% respectively, about 370 bps and 236 bps higher compared to end-December 2021.

Asian local government bond yields ended higher; Asian currencies weakened against the USD

Yields of Asian local government bonds similarly rose over the period, following the lead of USTs. South Korean and Singapore Government Securities (SGS) underperformed, given their relatively higher sensitivities to UST moves. Meanwhile, the outperformance of onshore Chinese government bonds (CGBs) was supported in part by the Chinese central bank's dovish shift and weakness in economic activity. Separately, currencies in the region weakened against the USD in the twelvemonth period, as the latter rose together with UST yields.

Inflationary pressures accelerated

Increasing energy and food prices were key factors that prompted the acceleration in headline CPI numbers for most countries in the region. In the latest reading, headline CPI inflation in Singapore printed 6.7% year-on-year (YoY) in November 2022, up from 4.0% YoY in December 2021. In South Korea, the November 2022 CPI registered 5.0%. Notably, the headline number has printed above the Bank of Korea's 2% inflation target since April 2021. Inflationary pressures in Thailand similarly picked up, with overall CPI coming in at 5.55% YoY in November 2022, up from 2.17% in December 2021.

Central banks in the region tightened monetary policies to rein in inflation

The threat of higher and more persistent inflation prompted most central banks in the region to tighten monetary conditions over the period. Bank Negara Malaysia raised its Overnight Policy Rate

by a total of 100 bps in 2022. Moving forward, the bank declared that adjustments to monetary policy settings would continue to be "measured and gradual", ensuring that monetary policy remains accommodative to support sustainable economic growth in an environment of price stability. Monetary authorities in the Philippines and Singapore moved aggressively to dampen inflation. The Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas raised it policy rate by a total of 350 bps in 2022, while the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) strengthened the Singapore dollar at an unprecedented pace of five times since October 2021. In contrast, the Bank of Thailand took on a significantly more gradual rate hike approach in the year, citing well-anchored medium-term inflation expectations and subdued demand-pull inflation pressures.

Asia Credits

Asian credits registered losses in 2022

Asian credits retreated 11.02% in total return, as credit spreads widened and UST yields rose. Asian high-grade (HG) credits outperformed their high-yield (HY) counterparts, declining 10.01%, as spreads widened 4.75 bps. Asian HY returned -15.09% in the twelve-month period, with credit spreads widening by 192.19 bps.

The Asian credit market experienced a challenging start to the year. Volatility in US rates pressured Asian HG credit spreads wider, while Asian HY experienced a sharp fall as sentiment on the Chinese property sector worsened. Rising geopolitical tensions between Russia and Ukraine triggered a sell-off in risk assets. Subsequently, incremental lockdowns in key Chinese cities, news of the possible delisting of some Chinese companies from US equities markets, together with idiosyncratic headlines within the Chinese property sector, further weighed on already-fragile market sentiment. Sentiment dramatically reversed after Chinese Vice Premier Liu He vowed to roll out policies to support the economy and capital markets, and amid reports that Chinese authorities are studying a plan for a sizable new stability fund to backstop troubled financial firms.

Risk tone turned weak anew following a string of negative macro news coupled with more hawkish Fedspeak. In China, the country struggled to contain its worst COVID-19 outbreak in two years. Subsequently, concerns about rapidly tightening global financial conditions, as major central banks embarked on a near synchronized and aggressive monetary policy tightening cycle prompted further widening in credit spreads. Global risk sentiment improved somewhat towards end-June 2022 as investors shifted focus to weak growth. That said, Asian credit spreads—dragged largely by Chinese HY credits—continued to rise, on the back of idiosyncratic developments and acceleration in outflows from emerging market (EM) bond funds.

In end-July, China's Politburo vowed to stand its ground on the zero-COVID strategy. Top leaders also called for efforts to stabilize property markets and ensure the delivery of pre-sold homes. This notwithstanding, the lack of concrete details, particularly around central government support, prompted markets to fixate on the negative effects of sustained stresses in the property sector, on the broader economy. Risk sentiment improved subsequently after resilient US jobs growth softened concerns around an imminent recession. Moderation in US inflation prints further encouraged demand for risk assets. Over in China, reacting to disappointing economic data, authorities unveiled more measures to support growth.

There was another reversal in overall risk tone heading into end-September. Further monetary policy tightening by major central banks, rising global bond yields and escalation in the Russia-Ukraine war prompted credit spreads to reverse higher. Risk assets including Asian credits extended losses following extreme volatility in the UK gilt market. Meanwhile, the default of yet another Chinese property developer rattled markets as the entity was among those approved earlier on to issue stateguaranteed debt. In the Chinese HG space, news that the US added more companies to its list of those identified as 'Chinese military companies' weighed on selected names. The weakness in Asian

credits reflected further weakening in risk tone as markets priced in the possibility of the Fed Funds Rate exceeding 5%. China concluded its 20th Party Congress on 22 October, with the Party Congress report essentially focusing on continuity in its policy(s).

Towards end of the year, several positive headlines triggered a significant move lower in spreads. The weaker-than-anticipated US October CPI print fuelled hopes that the Fed would temper its pace of monetary policy tightening. Over in China, authorities further eased COVID-19 restrictions despite rising infection cases and amplified their commitment to containing the property crisis. In addition, policymakers announced the reopening of Chinese borders in early January where inbound travellers would no longer be subject to any mandatory quarantine requirements upon arrival. The faster-than-expected relaxation of COVID-related policies by China boosted market sentiment.

Market Outlook and Strategy

Technicals and resilient fundamentals to support Asian credit spreads at start of new year We believe that the benign macro backdrop should remain supportive for credit fundamentals in 2023.

The fiscal deficits of Asian economies are expected to gradually narrow as the need for pandemic support decreases. India and ASEAN economies, supported by a revival in tourism and domestic reopenings, are expected to fare better than their export-dependent North Asian peers. The growth/inflation trade-off resulting from a rebound in China's domestic demand and a modest pickup in global external demand could lead to a better outcome for Asia.

We believe there is room for Asian credit spreads to tighten in the early part of 2023 given global investors' light positioning, as well as the potential for fresh capital and risk allocation to the asset class at the start of the year. This comes against the backdrop of some positive catalysts, including a potential slowdown in rate hikes by the Fed and policy shifts by China in certain key areas including COVID-19, the property sector and internet platforms.

The key downside risks to Asian credit in 2023 include inflation across major economies being more persistent than expected, backtracking of China's easing policies on COVID and its property sector, and local funding and credit market stress. One or more of these downside risks materialising may cause Asian credit spreads to widen from current levels.

Remain constructive on overall duration; Prefer Singapore, Korea and Indonesia government bonds

We expect lower global inflation, and weaker global growth outlook in 2023 and we think that Fed is likely to pause on rate hikes by the first quarter of 2023. Against this backdrop, we are broadly constructive on regional bonds as most Asia central banks are nearing the end of their rate hike cycle. Within Asia, we favour both Singapore and South Korean government bonds, given their relatively higher sensitivities to stabilising UST bond yields. In addition, we think that Korea central bank would end their rate hike cycle soon. Meanwhile, demand for Indonesia bonds is likely to be supported when upward pressure on global bond yields eases and market focus turns to their attractive real yields relative to regional peers.

Prefer Singapore dollar and the Thai baht

On currencies, we take a neutral to underweight view on the USD, as the demand for the currency may wane when the Fed pivots. Also, earlier than expected reopening of China border and COVID measures should support regional growth and foreign exchange sentiments. We expect overall Asia currencies to outperform USD and see room for Thai baht and Singapore dollar to outperform further against other regional currencies. In Singapore, sticky core inflation may prompt the MAS to keep the Singapore dollar nominal effective exchange rate (NEER) on an appreciating stance. Meanwhile, demand for the Thai baht could increase meaningfully once China reopens its borders and further boost tourism flows into Thailand.

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Past performance or any prediction, projection or forecast is not indicative of future performance. The Fund or any underlying fund may use or invest in financial derivative instruments. The value of units and income from them may fall or rise. Investments in the Fund are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of principal amount invested. You should read the relevant prospectus (including the risk warnings) and product highlights sheet of the Fund, which are available and may be obtained from appointed distributors of Nikko AM Asia or our website (www.nikkoam.com.sg) before deciding whether to invest in the Fund.

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(Where relevant – for funds included under CPFIS) The Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Ordinary Account ("OA") interest rate is the legislated minimum 2.5% per annum, or the 3-month average of major local banks' interest rates, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. The interest rate for Special Account ("SA") is currently 4% per annum or the 12-month average yield of 10-year Singapore Government Securities plus 1%, whichever is higher, reviewed quarterly. Only monies in excess of \$20,000 in OA and \$40,000 in SA can be invested under the CPF Investment Scheme ("CPFIS"). Please refer to the website of the CPF Board for further information. Investors should note that the applicable interest rates for the CPF accounts and the terms of CPFIS may be varied by the CPF Board from time to time.

For Hong Kong Investors

The Fund may only be offered to professional investors in Hong Kong and is not authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to this document. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited. Registration Number 198202562H

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The Trustee is under a duty to take into custody and hold the assets of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") in trust for the unitholders. In accordance with the Securities and Futures Act 2001, its subsidiary legislation and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Trustee shall monitor the activities of the Manager for compliance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers as set out in the Trust Deed in each annual accounting year and report thereon to unitholders in an annual report.

To the best knowledge of the Trustee, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed the Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements, set out on pages 12 to 41, in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed.

For and on behalf of the Trustee BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited

Authorised signatory 29 March 2023

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

In the opinion of Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 12 to 41, comprising the Statement of Total Return, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds, Statement of Portfolio and Notes to the Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the portfolio holdings of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") as at 31 December 2022, and the financial performance and movements in unitholders' funds for the year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.

For and on behalf of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited

Authorised signatory

29 March 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund"), are properly drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the Fund as at 31 December 2022, and the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Fund comprise:

- the Statement of Total Return for the financial year ended 31 December 2022;
- the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022;
- the Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds for the financial year ended 31 December 2022;
- the Statement of Portfolio as at 31 December 2022; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Other Information

The Fund's Manager (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all sections of the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

Responsibilities of the Manager for the Financial Statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to terminate the Fund or to cease the Fund's operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager's responsibilities include overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NIKKO AM SHENTON INCOME FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore, 29 March 2023

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 \$\$	2021 S\$
Income		- •	•
Dividends		1,985,531	2,054,019
Interest on cash and cash equivalents		63,768	265
Other income		19,654	2,500
		2,068,953	2,056,784
I			
Less: Expenses		4 440 707	4 505 670
Management fee		1,413,787	1,595,670
Management fee rebate		(418,365)	(464,400)
Registrar fee		39,326	29,631 19,978
Custody fee Audit fee		16,788 18,358	18,285
Valuation fee		28,264	31,906
Transaction costs		51,972	38,604
Other expenses		29,110	31,765
Other expenses		1,179,240	1,301,439
		1,110,240	1,001,400
Net income		889,713	755,345
Net gains or losses on value of investments and financial derivatives			
Net losses on investments		(11,871,237)	(5,777,822)
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains		(599,552)	457,598
Net gains/(losses) on financial derivatives		2,554,124	(1,875,262)
		(9,916,665)	(7,195,486)
Total deficit for the financial year before			
income tax		(9,026,952)	(6,440,141)
Less: Income tax	4	(146,586)	(103,076)
Total deficit for the financial year after income tax		(9,173,538)	(6,543,217)

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS	Note	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Portfolio of investments		121,265,680	148,430,697
Receivables	5	59,989	404.360
Margin and collateral accounts	9	16,870	-
Cash and cash equivalents		4,025,919	10,146,399
Financial derivatives at fair value	7	1,116,507	596,070
Total assets		126,484,965	159,577,526
LIABILITIES Payables Distributions payable Financial derivatives at fair value Total liabilities	6 10 7 	587,429 415,068 71,181 1,073,678	705,288 527,327 - 1,232,615
EQUITY Net assets attributable to unitholders	8	125,411,287	158,344,911

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the financial year		158,344,911	165,876,642
Operations Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations		(9,173,538)	(6,543,217)
Unitholders' contributions/(withdrawals)			
Creation of units Cancellation of units		11,249,584 (29,389,757)	44,632,859 (39,244,948)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from net creation and cancellation of units		(18,140,173)	5,387,911
Distributions	10	(5,619,913)	(6,376,425)
Total decreases in net assets attributable to unitholders		(32,933,624)	(7,531,731)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the financial year	8	125,411,287	158,344,911

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary)	Holdings at 31 December	Fair value at 31 December	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December
	2022	2022	2022
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		S\$	%
AUSTRALIA			
Scentre Group Trust 2 4.75% due 24/09/2080	1,000,000	1,202,724	0.96
Westpac Banking Corporation 4.65% due 07/09/2032	2,000,000	1,983,932	1.58
Total AUSTRALIA		3,186,656	2.54
BRITAIN			
Standard Chartered Public Listed Company 7.776% due			
16/11/2025 Total BRITAIN	1,140,000	1,576,585	1.26 1.26
I OTAL BRITAIN		1,576,585	1.26
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS			
1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023	3,500,000	4,598,791	3.67
Celestial Miles Limited 5.75% due 31/12/2049	1,000,000	1,284,082	1.03
Elect Global Investments Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2060	1,000,000	1,079,132	0.86
Panther Ventures Limited 3.38% due 30/03/2171 Panther Ventures Limited 3.5% due 31/12/2060	2,000,000	1,273,897	1.02 1.40
Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2001	2,000,000 3,000,000	1,757,573 3,063,979	1.40 2.44
Studio City Company Limited 7% due 15/02/2027	1,600,000	2,009,958	1.60
Wing Tai Properties Finance Limited 4.35% due	1,000,000	2,000,000	1.00
31/12/2049	1,000,000	903,750	0.72
Yunda Holding Investment Limited 2.25% due 19/08/2025	2,000,000	2,371,476	1.89
Total BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS		18,342,638	14.63
CAYMAN ISLANDS			
FWD Group Limited 8.045% due 15/12/2170	1,000,000	1,226,302	0.98
FWD Group Limited 5.75% due 09/07/2024	1,000,000	1,290,146	1.03
FWD Limited 5.5% due 01/08/2170	1,000,000	1,179,454	0.94
Mizuho Financial Group Cayman 3 Limited 4.6% due			
27/03/2024	1,771,000	2,334,488	1.86
PCGI Intermediate Holdings II Limited 5.5% due 22/11/2024	1,200,000	1,489,581	1.19
PCGI Intermediate Limited 4.75% due 28/10/2024	200,000	245,722	0.19
Total CAYMAN ISLANDS		7,765,693	6.19
GERMANY			
Commerzbank AG 4.2% due 18/09/2028	1,000,000	953,500	0.76
Total GERMANY		953,500	0.76
HONG KONG SAR			
Cathay Pacific MTN Financing HK Limited 3.375% due			
22/01/2023	2,750,000	2,739,688	2.19
Total HONG KONG SAR		2,739,688	2.19
INDONESIA			_
INDONESIA Pank Tahungan Nagara Paraera TRK DT 4 29/ due			
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due 23/01/2025	3,608,000	4,451,937	3.55
Total INDONESIA	5,500,000	4,451,937	3.55
I OWN INDOMESIA	•	7,701,007	3.33

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued)	Holdings at 31 December 2022	Fair value at 31 December 2022 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities (continued)		39	70
ISLE OF MAN GOHL Capital Limited 4.25% due 24/01/2027 Total ISLE OF MAN	800,000	958,770 958,770	0.77 0.77
JAPAN Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Incorporation 5.063% due 12/09/2025 Mizuho Financial Group Incorporation 3.922% due	2,200,000	2,933,175	2.34
11/09/2024 Total JAPAN	1,600,000	2,112,400 5,045,575	1.68 4.02
NEW ZEALAND ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited 5.548% due 11/08/2032 Total NEW ZEALAND	2,000,000	2,612,479 2,612,479	2.08 2.08
SINGAPORE DBS Group Holdings Limited 3.3% due 31/12/2060 ESR-Logos REIT 5.5% due 09/12/2170 Keppel Corporation Limited 2.9% due 16/03/2170 Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 20/01/2023 Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 24/03/2023 Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 27/01/2023 Total SINGAPORE	1,600,000 2,000,000 3,000,000 1,500,000 1,000,000	2,010,822 1,778,185 2,738,428 1,497,083 990,510 997,245 10,012,273	1.60 1.42 2.18 1.19 0.79 0.80 7.98
SOUTH KOREA Hana Bank 4.25% due 14/10/2024 KB Kookmin Card Company Limited 4% due 09/06/2025 Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024 Total SOUTH KOREA	1,400,000 2,000,000 3,400,000	1,823,514 2,565,615 4,490,767 8,879,896	1.45 2.05 3.58 7.08
SUPRANATIONAL International Finance Corporation 6.3% due 25/11/2024 Total SUPRANATIONAL	100,000,000	1,597,011 1,597,011	1.27 1.27
THAILAND Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due 31/12/2061 Total THAILAND	4,000,000	4,707,504 4,707,504	3.75 3.75
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA United States Treasury Note 4% due 15/11/2052 Total UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	3,200,000	4,337,452 4,337,452	3.46 3.46
Accrued interest receivable on quoted fixed income securities		973,657	0.78
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities		78,141,314	62.31

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Primary) (continued) Quoted Investment Funds	Holdings at 31 December 2022	Fair value at 31 December 2022 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %
SINGAPORE Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund Total SINGAPORE	21,481,963 33,946,999	18,139,375 24,984,991 43,124,366	14.46 19.92 34.38
Total Quoted Investment Funds		43,124,366	34.38
Portfolio of investments Other net assets Net assets attributable to unitholders		121,265,680 4,145,607 125,411,287	96.69 3.31 100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Geography (Summary)	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2021 %
Quoted Fixed Income Securities		
Australia	2.54	1.74
Bermuda	2.04	0.37
Britain	1.26	1.63
British Virgin Islands	14.63	5.52
Cayman Islands	6.19	7.48
China	0.10	1.34
Germany	0.76	5.23
Hong Kong SAR	2.19	3.39
India	-	0.87
Indonesia	3.55	2.54
Isle of Man	0.77	-
Japan	4.02	-
Malaysia	-	0.83
Mauritius	-	1.81
Netherlands	-	1.25
New Zealand	2.08	-
Philippines	-	0.40
Singapore	7.98	22.42
South Korea	7.08	-
Supranational	1.27	-
Switzerland	-	0.65
Thailand	3.75	0.86
United States of America	3.46	0.45
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income securities	0.78	0.49
Total Quoted Fixed Income Securities	62.31	59.27
Quoted Investment Funds		
Singapore	34.38	34.47
Total Quoted Investment Funds	34.38	34.47
i otai Quoteu ilivestillelit Fullus	<u>34.30</u>	34.41
Portfolio of investments	96.69	93.74
Other net assets	3.31	6.26
Net assets attributable to unitholders	100.00	100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

By Industry (Secondary)	Fair value at 31 December 2022 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2022 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2021 %
Agriculture	_	_	0.88
Airlines	2,739,688	2.18	0.64
Banks	30,768,437	24.53	19.45
Chemicals	-	24.00	1.94
Computers	_	-	0.18
Debt Funds	43,124,366	34.38	34.47
Distribution/Wholesale	-	-	0.37
Diversified Financial Services	2,565,615	2.05	0.87
Electric	-	-	6.54
Engineering and Construction	7,086,489	5.65	0.84
Entertainment	-	-	0.84
Food	-	-	0.67
Healthcare-Services	-	-	0.77
Insurance	5,431,205	4.33	1.49
Investment Companies	-	-	1.27
Iron/Steel	-	-	0.45
Lodging	7,676,232	6.12	-
Mining	-	-	1.67
Multi-National	1,597,011	1.27	-
Real Estate	5,014,352	4.00	10.98
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)	2,980,909	2.38	5.95
Sovereign	8,936,243	7.13	-
Telecommunications	-	4.00	2.98
Transportation	2,371,476	1.89	=
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed	070.057	0.70	0.40
income securities	973,657	0.78	0.49
Double of investments	404 OCE COO	00.00	02.74
Portfolio of investments	121,265,680	96.69 2.24	93.74
Other net assets	4,145,607	3.31	6.26
Net assets attributable to unitholders	125,411,287	100.00	100.00

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General

Nikko AM Shenton Income Fund (the "Fund") is a Singapore domiciled fund, constituted under a Trust Deed dated 30 December 1988, as amended by Supplemental Deeds and Amended and Restated Deeds (collectively referred to as the "Deeds"). The Deeds are governed by the laws of the Republic of Singapore. The Trustee of the Fund is BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited (the "Trustee"). The Manager of the Fund is Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited (the "Manager").

There are currently three Classes of Units established within the Fund, namely SGD Class, USD Class and RMB Class.

The Classes differ in terms of their Class Currency, the minimum subscription amounts applicable and the availability of the option to elect for the automatic reinvestment of distributions.

As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, only units in the SGD Class and USD Class have been issued.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, and in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" ("RAP 7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

(b) Recognition of income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

(c) Distributions

The Manager has the absolute discretion to determine whether a distribution is to be made. In such an event, an appropriate amount will be transferred to a distribution account to be paid on the distribution date. The amount shall not be treated as part of the property of the Fund. Distributions are accrued for at the reporting date if the necessary approvals have been obtained and a legal or constructive obligation has been created.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Investments

Investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(i) Initial recognition

Purchases of investments are recognised on the trade date. Investments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Investments are subsequently carried at fair value. Net change in fair value on investments is included in the Statement of Total Return in the year in which they arise.

(iii) Derecognition

Investments are derecognised on the trade date of disposal. The resultant realised gains and losses on the sales of investments are computed on the basis of the difference between the weighted average cost and selling price gross of transaction costs, and are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

(e) Basis of valuation of investments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The quoted market prices used for fixed income securities held by the Fund is the mid-market price for both financial asset and financial liabilities. Accrued interest or discount or premium on fixed income securities at financial year end date is included in the fair value of fixed income securities. Interest income on fixed income securities is presented within "Net losses on investments" in the Statement of Total Return. The fair value of investments held in the Underlying funds is the quoted net asset value of the Underlying funds as determined by the Underlying funds' administrator.

(f) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recognised at their fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

(g) Sales and purchases awaiting settlement

Sales and purchases awaiting settlement represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the Statement of Financial Position date respectively. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(h) Payables

Accrued expenses are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The Fund qualifies as an authorised scheme under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 ("SFA") of Singapore and is offered to retail investors in Singapore. The Fund's activities are substantially based in Singapore, with subscriptions and redemptions of the units of the Fund denominated in Singapore Dollar ("SGD") and United States Dollar ("USD").

The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to the investors in Singapore Dollar. The Manager considers the Singapore Dollar as the currency which most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are expressed in Singapore Dollar, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Singapore Dollar at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The net unrealised gain or loss is taken to the Statement of Total Return. Transactions during the year are recorded in Singapore Dollar at the rates of exchange ruling on transaction dates. All realised gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Total Return.

(k) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Fund or the counterparty.

(I) <u>Structured entities</u>

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes: (a) restricted activities, (b) a narrow and well-defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors, (c) insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support and (d) financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks (tranches).

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(I) Structured entities (continued)

The Fund considers all of their investments in other funds (the "Underlying Funds") to be investments in unconsolidated structured entities. The Fund invests in the Underlying Funds whose objectives range from achieving short to long term capital growth and whose investment strategy does not include the use of leverage. The Underlying Funds apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives. The Underlying Funds finance its operations by issuing redeemable units which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitles the unitholder to a proportional stake in the respective Underlying Funds' net assets. The Fund holds redeemable units in the Underlying Funds.

The change in fair value of the Underlying Funds are included in the Statement of Total Return in "Net losses on investments".

(m) Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives are entered into for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, tactical asset allocation or specific hedging of financial assets held as determined by the Manager and in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds.

Financial derivatives outstanding at the end of the financial year are valued at forward rates or at current market prices using the "mark-to-market" method, as applicable, and the resultant gains and losses are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

(n) Margin and collateral accounts

Cash margin provided by the Fund is identified in the Statement of Financial Position as margin and collateral accounts and is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. For collateral other than cash, if the party to whom the collateral is provided has the right by contract or custom to sell or re-pledge the collateral, the Fund classifies that asset in its Statement of Financial Position separately from other assets and identifies the asset as pledged collateral. Where the party to whom the collateral is provided does not have the right to sell or re-pledge, a disclosure of the collateral provided is made in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

3. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Uncertain tax positions

The Fund invests in securities issued by entities which are domiciled in countries other than Singapore. Many of these foreign countries have tax laws that indicate that capital gains taxes and interest income taxes may be applicable to non-residents, such as the Fund. Typically, these taxes are required to be determined on a self-assessment basis; therefore, such taxes may not be deducted by the bond issuer on a 'withholding' basis.

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Fund has provided for uncertain tax liabilities with respect to foreign capital gains taxes and foreign interest income taxes. The exposure to the Fund is disclosed under Note 6 Payables in "Provision for tax liabilities".

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

4. Income tax

The Fund has been approved by the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("MAS") under the Enhanced-Tier Fund Scheme (Section 13U of the Income Tax Act and the relevant Regulations). Subject to certain conditions being met on an annual basis, the Fund may enjoy Singapore corporate income tax exemption on "specified income" derived from "designated investments" for the life of the Fund. The tax exemption does not apply in the year when the relevant conditions are not met. Losses from "designated investments" are correspondingly disregarded. The terms "specified income" and "designated investments" are defined in the relevant income tax Regulations. The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund will ensure that the Fund fulfils its reporting obligations under the ETF Scheme.

Income tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 comprises:

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Singapore income tax Capital gains tax/(credit)	142,892 3,683	72,043 (1,935)
Overseas income tax	11	32,968
	146,586	103,076

The Singapore income tax represents mainly tax charge on distribution from Singapore unit trusts. The overseas income tax represents tax deducted for interest earned and derived from outside Singapore. Capital gain credit comprises of reversal of prior year provisions for potential capital gains tax outside Singapore. Capital gains tax comprises of the tax on realised capital gains and provisions for potential capital gains tax outside Singapore.

5. Receivables

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Receivable from unitholders for creation of units Other receivables	59,989 -	388,969 15,391
	59,989	404,360

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

6. Payables

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Payable to unitholders for cancellation of units Amount due to the Manager Valuation fee payable Registrar fee payable Provision for audit fee Custody fee payable Provision for tax liabilities Other payables	157,083 248,634 6,827 2,428 18,833 8,691 137,740 7,193	210,186 314,439 8,603 2,428 18,832 11,027 132,588 7,185 705,288

Amount due to the Manager comprises of management fee and is payable to Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited. Trustee fee is payable out of the management fees by Nikko Asset Management Asia Limited to BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited. Custody fee and valuation fee are payable to BNP Paribas, operating through its Singapore Branch. Registrar fee is payable to BNP Paribas Trust Services Singapore Limited.

7. Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives comprise of forward foreign exchange contracts for purchases and sales of foreign currencies. The year-end positive and negative fair values represent the unrealised gains and losses respectively on revaluation of forward foreign exchange contracts at the Statement of Financial Position date. The contract or underlying principal amounts of these financial derivatives and their corresponding gross positive or negative fair values at Statement of Financial Position date are analysed below.

	Contract or principal	underlying amount	Year-end p fair val		Year-end neg fair valu	-
	2022 S\$	2021 S\$	2022 S\$	2021 S\$	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Forward foreign exchange contracts	78,588,451	40,971,953	1,116,507	596,070	71,181	_

The Fund also restricts its exposure to credit losses on the trading derivative instruments it holds by entering into master netting arrangements with approved brokers with whom it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. Master netting arrangements do not result in an offset of Statement of Financial Position assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. However, the credit risk is reduced by a master netting arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. The Fund's overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments, subject to a master netting arrangement, can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

7. Financial derivatives (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities which are subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar agreements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are detailed in the following table.

(i) Offsetting financial assets

		_		Related accour in the Statemen Posit	t of Financial	
2022	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets S\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Financial instruments S\$	Cash collateral S\$	Net exposure S\$
Forward foreign						
exchange contracts	1,116,507	-	1,116,507	-	-	1,116,507
				Related accour in the Statemen Posit	t of Financial	
2021	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets S\$	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of Financial Position S\$	Net amounts of financial assets presented in the Statement of Financial Position \$\$	Financial instruments S\$	Cash collateral S\$	Net exposure S\$
Forward foreign	54	•	34			•
exchange						
contracts	596,070	-	596,070	-	-	596,070

(ii) Offsetting financial liabilities

The Fund has no financial liabilities which are subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar agreements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

8. Units in issue

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the number of units issued, redeemed and outstanding were as follows:

SGD Class	2022	2021
Units at beginning of the financial year Units created Units cancelled	133,093,099 10,021,365 (26,563,146)	128,489,525 35,991,608 (31,388,034)
Units at end of the financial year	116,551,318	133,093,099
Net assets attributable to unitholders - S\$ Net asset value per unit - S\$	123,248,040 1.0575	155,878,238 1.1712
<u>USD Class</u>	2022	2021
Units at beginning of the financial year Units created Units cancelled	2,105,692 73,937 (133,826)	2,258,015 112,743 (265,066)
Units at end of the financial year	2,045,803	2,105,692
Net assets attributable to unitholders - S\$ Net asset value per unit - S\$	2,163,247 1.0574	2,466,673 1.1714

A reconciliation of the net asset value as reported in the Statement of Financial Position to the net asset value as determined for the purpose of processing unit subscription and redemption is provided below:

SGD Class	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per financial statements		
per unit	1.0575	1.1712
Effects of distribution per unit	0.0035	0.0039
Effect for movement in the net assets value between the last		
dealing date and the end of the reporting period ^	_*	-
Effects of adjustment on valuation of investment in the		
Underlying Funds	(0.0004)	0.0002
Net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming		
per unit	1.0606	1.1753

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For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

8. Units in issue (continued)

<u>USD Class</u>	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per financial statements		
per unit	1.0574	1.1714
Effects of distribution per unit	0.0035	0.0039
Effect for movement in the net assets value between the last		
dealing date and the end of the reporting period ^	_*	-
Effects of adjustment on valuation of investment in the		
Underlying Funds	(0.0004)	0.0002
Net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming		
per unit	1.0605	1.1755

[^] The net asset value for the purposes of processing unit subscription and redemption was established in accordance with the methodology indicated in the Fund's Prospectus. This item reflects the movement in net asset value between the last dealing date and the end of reporting period due to accrual of operating expenses.

9. Margin and collateral accounts

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Margin accounts	16,870	

Margin accounts represents margin deposits held in respect of open exchange-traded futures contracts held with BNP Paribas, operating through its Singapore Branch. As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, there is no open exchange-traded futures.

^{*} Effect is less than 0.0001.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

10. Distributions

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
January interim distribution of S\$0.39 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	522,153	_
February interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the	022,100	
financial year ended 31 December 2022 March interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	505,951	-
ended 31 December 2022 April interim distribution of S\$0.38 (SGD Class) & US\$0.28	500,028	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 May interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	497,649	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 June interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27	480,549	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	477,391	-
July interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	459,890	-
August interim distribution of S\$0.37 (SGD Class) & US\$0.27 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	470,009	_
September interim distribution of S\$0.36 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the	ŕ	
financial year ended 31 December 2022 October interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.25 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year	452,735	-
ended 31 December 2022 November interim distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) &	422,165	-
US\$0.25 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022 December final distribution of S\$0.35 (SGD Class) & US\$0.26	416,325	-
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022	415,068	-

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For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

10. Distributions (continued)

January interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.32 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	_	543,650
February interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) &		,
US\$0.32 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the		505.040
financial year ended 31 December 2021 March interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.31	-	535,948
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	_	517,164
April interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.31		011,101
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	-	511,611
May interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.31		
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021		520,608
June interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.31	-	320,000
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	-	531,450
July interim distribution of S\$0.42 (SGD Class) & US\$0.31		
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	-	542,675
August interim distribution of S\$0.41 (SGD Class) & US\$0.30		
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021	_	541,455
September interim distribution of S\$0.41 (SGD Class) &	-	341,433
US\$0.31 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the		
financial year ended 31 December 2021	-	550,577
October interim distribution of S\$0.39 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29		
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021	-	526,179
November interim distribution of S\$0.39 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29 (USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the		
financial year ended 31 December 2021	_	527,781
December final distribution of \$\$0.39 (SGD Class) & US\$0.29		027,701
(USD Class) per 100 units in respect of the financial year		
ended 31 December 2021		527,327
	5,619,913	6,376,425

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of risk, including but not limited to market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Manager is responsible for the implementation of the overall risk management programme, which seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. Specific guidelines on exposures to individual securities and certain industries and/or countries are in place as part of the overall financial risk management to reduce the Fund's exposures to these risks

The Fund's investment objective is to provide regular income distributions while seeking to achieve returns in excess of 4% per annum over the medium to long term. The Fund will invest in a portfolio of bonds, money market instruments and currencies both in Singapore and in other global markets, taking into consideration the need for capital preservation.

These financial instruments are held in accordance with the published investment policies of the Fund and managed accordingly to achieve the investment objectives.

(a) Market risk - Price risk

Price risk is the risk that arises from uncertainties about future prices of financial instruments.

The Fund's investment is substantially dependent on the changes of market prices. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored regularly so as to assess any deviation from the Fund's investment objective. However, events beyond reasonable control of the Manager could affect the prices of the underlying investments and hence the net asset value of the Fund.

The Fund's market price risk is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio across various geographies and industries globally.

The market prices of financial assets held by the Fund are dependent on prevailing market interest rates, as the Fund invests in bonds issued by governments and corporations. No separate price risk sensitivity analysis is prepared as it is covered as part of interest rate risk sensitivity analysis.

(b) Market risk - Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates (fair value risk).

The Manager will regularly assess the economic condition, monitor changes in interest rates outlook and take appropriate measures accordingly to control the impact of interest rate risk. The Fund's overall market positions are monitored frequently and are reviewed formally on a quarterly basis by the Manager.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk - Interest rate risk (continued)

The tables below summarise the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. They include the Fund's assets and liabilities categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

As at 31 December 2022

7.0 at 0 1 5000 mgs 1 2021	Floating rate	•	- <u>Fixed rate</u> -	→	Non-interest bearing	
	S\$	Up to 1 year S\$	<u>1-5 years</u> S\$	Over 5 years S\$	S\$	<u>Total</u> S\$
Assets						
Portfolio of investments	29,203,322	10,823,317	25,628,985	11,512,033	44,098,023	121,265,680
Receivables	-	-	-	-	59,989	59,989
Cash and cash						
equivalents	4,025,919	-	-	-	-	4,025,919
Margin and collateral						
accounts	16,870	-	-	-	-	16,870
Financial derivatives at						
fair value	_	-	-	-	1,116,507	1,116,507
Total assets	33,246,111	10,823,317	25,628,985	11,512,033	45,274,519	126,484,965
Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	587,429	587,429
Distribution payable	-	-	-	-	415,068	415,068
Financial derivatives at						
fair value	-	-	-	-	71,181	71,181
Total liabilities		-	-	-	1,073,678	1,073,678

As at 31 December 2021

	Floating rate	•	-Fixed rate -	→	Non-interest bearing	
	S\$	Up to 1 year S\$	<u>1-5 years</u> S\$	Over 5 years S\$	S\$	<u>Total</u> S\$
Assets						
Portfolio of investments	33,825,192	25,531,536	21,505,521	12,215,772	55,352,676	148,430,697
Receivables	-	-	-	-	404,360	404,360
Cash and cash equivalents	10,146,399	-	-	-	-	10,146,399
Financial derivatives at fair value	_	-	-	-	596,070	596,070
Total assets	43,971,591	25,531,536	21,505,521	12,215,772	56,353,106	159,577,526
Liabilities					705.000	705.000
Payables	-	-	-	-	705,288	705,288
Distribution payable		-	-	-	527,327	527,327
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,232,615	1,232,615

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, an increase/decrease of interest rates 1% (2021: 1%), with all other variables remaining constant, would result in a decrease/increase of the net assets attributable to unitholders by approximately 4% (2021: 3%). Reasonable possible changes in interest rate are revised annually depending on the Manager's current view of market volatility and other factors.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

To minimise currency risk, the Fund mainly holds its excess cash in its functional currency. For hedging purposes, the Fund may also enter into forward foreign exchange contracts.

The tables below summarise the Fund's exposure to currency risks.

As at 31 December 2022	SGD S\$	USD S\$	INR S\$	CNY S\$	Others S\$	Total S\$
Assets						
Portfolio of investments	40,987,979	60,531,385	1,606,941	18,139,375	-	121,265,680
Receivables	59,989	· · · -	· · ·	· · · -	-	59,989
Margin and collateral accounts	· -	16,870	-	-	-	16,870
Cash and cash equivalents	3,970,054	30,221	10,959	13,172	1,513	4,025,919
Total assets	45,018,022	60,578,476	1,617,900	18,152,547	1,513	125,368,458
Liabilities						
Payables	587,429	-	-	-	-	587,429
Distribution payable	407,930	7,138	-	-	-	415,068
Total liabilities	995,359	7,138	-	•	•	1,002,497
Net off-balance sheet derivative						
financial instruments	78,580,424	(59,490,927)	-	(18,044,171)	-	
Net currency exposure	122,603,087	1,080,411	1,617,900	108,376	1,513	

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For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2021	SGD S\$	USD S\$	INR S\$	IDR S\$	CNY S\$	Others S\$	Total S\$
	Οψ	ΟΨ	ΟΨ	Οψ	ΟΨ	Οψ	Οψ
Assets							
Portfolio of investments	85,299,771	33,032,046	_	976,617	26,614,191	2,508,072	148,430,697
Receivables	388,969	, , , <u>-</u>	-	, <u>-</u>	· · ·	15,391	404,360
Cash and cash equivalents	3,488,275	6,645,786	12,271	-	16	51	10,146,399
Total assets	89,177,015	39,677,832	12,271	976,617	26,614,207	2,523,514	158,981,456
Liabilities							
Payables	705,288	_	_	-	_	_	705,288
Distribution payable	519,063	8,264	-	-	-	-	527,327
Total liabilities	1,224,351	8,264	-	-	-	-	1,232,615
Net off-balance sheet derivative financial		(10.0 <u>7</u> (11.7)					
instruments	40,970,487	(40,374,417)	-	-	-	-	
Net currency exposure	128,923,151	(704,849)	12,271	976,617	26,614,207	2,523,514	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Market risk - Currency risk (continued)

Portfolio of investments, which is a significant item in the Statement of Financial Position is exposed to currency risk and other price risk. The Manager has considered the impact of currency risk sensitivity on non-monetary assets, which include listed investment funds, as part of the price risk sensitivity analysis.

As of 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Fund does not hold substantial monetary assets/liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in foreign exchange rates on monetary assets/liabilities will not result in a significant change in the net asset value of the Fund. Hence, no separate sensitivity analysis on foreign currency risk has been presented.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of loss arising from the inability of the Fund to meet its obligations as and when they fall due without incurring unacceptable cost or losses.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions from unitholders. However, in accordance with the Fund's prospectus, minimum holdings and redemption size are set.

To manage the liquidity risk, a cash buffer is maintained in the Fund and monitored for minimum cash balances to prevent any extensive disposition of assets which may occur at lower prices and overdraft situations to meet trade settlements and obligations.

The Fund's financial liabilities are analysed using contractual undiscounted cash flows for maturity groupings based on the remaining year at the Statement of Financial Position date to the contractual maturity date. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, all liabilities are either payable upon demand or due in less than 3 months. The impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 3 months		
	As at	As at	
	31 December	31 December	
	2022	2021	
	S\$	S\$	
Payables	587,429	705,288	
Distribution payable	415,068	527,327	
Contractual cash outflows (excluding gross settled derivatives)	1,002,497	1,232,615	

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's derivative financial instruments in a loss position that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the period at the Statement of Financial Position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 3 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 3 months		
	As at	As at	
	31 December	31 December	
	2022	2021	
	S\$	S\$	
Currency forwards			
- Outflow	(18,044,171)	-	
- Inflow	17,972,990		
Net outflow	(71,181)	<u> </u>	

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to fulfil its obligations to the Fund in part or in full as and when they fall due.

Concentrations of credit risk are minimised primarily by:

- ensuring counterparties as well as the respective credit limits are approved;
- ensuring there are controls in place to identify and assess the creditworthiness of counterparties and review such controls on a semi-annual basis; and
- ensuring that transactions are undertaken with a large number of counterparties.

The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on its financial assets held at amortised cost. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Fund's financial assets held at amortised cost as disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position are realised within three months. The Manager considers the probability of default to be insignificant as the counterparties generally have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. Hence, no loss allowance has been recognised based on the 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be insignificant to the Fund.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Credit risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's investments by credit ratings. The credit ratings are reviewed regularly.

	Fair valu		Fair value at		
_	31 December 2022		31 Decemb	er 2021	
	Floating rate securities S\$	Fixed rate securities S\$	Floating rate securities S\$	Fixed rate securities S\$	
AAA * A- BBB	-	-	- - 2,465,689	15,990,860 4,568,788	
BBB- BB+ BB	- -	-	1,008,620 4,268,363 1,355,597	1,907,686 1,652,258	
BB- Aaa * A1	- - 5,045,575	- 9,419,301 -	2,049,745	4,725,956 - -	
A2 A3 Baa1	4,189,064 5,197,478	5,597,085 1,079,132 -	1,512,872 - -	- - -	
Baa2 Baa3 Ba1	4,707,504 953,500 1,179,454	9,644,527 - -	5,504,592 - -	2,797,166 1,252,873	
Ba2 Ba3 B1	- -	- 6,461,895 -	1,565,250 1,362,500	719,146 3,281,031 1,614,070	
B2 Not rated ** Accrued interest receivables on	7,930,747	15,762,395	12,731,964	1,238,600 19,504,395	
quoted fixed income securities	404,188 29,607,510	569,469 48,533,804	297,166 34,122,358	476,567 59,729,396	

^{*} The balance includes securities that are issued by government agencies of governments that have a Aaa rating as rated by Moody's (2021: AAA rating as rated by a well-known rating agency).

^{**} Not rated securities are supported by internal and other rating agencies credit ratings but are not disclosed due to licencing restrictions. Following a change in the use of credit rating agencies during the financial year ended 31 December 2022 whereby historical credit ratings cannot be retrieved, the comparative amounts for the credit ratings table above are not entirely comparable.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Credit risk (continued)

All trade settlement with approved counterparties are on Delivery versus Payment and/or Receipt versus Payment basis, with the exception of initial public offerings, new issues and placement transactions.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and outstanding and committed transactions from brokers. The table below summarises the credit rating of bank and custodian in which the Fund's assets are held as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

	Credit rating as at 31 December 2022	
Bank and custodianBNP Paribas, operating through its Singapore Branch	Aa3	A+
Counterparties of forward foreign exchange contracts		
- ANZ Bank	Aa3	N.A
- Goldman Sachs	A2	N.A
- ING Baring	Baa1	N.A
- HSBC Bank	A 3	N.A
- Standard Chartered Bank	N.A	BBB+

As at 31 December 2022, the credit ratings are based on Local Long-Term Bank Deposits from Moody's (2021: Long-Term Local Issuer Ratings from a well-known rating agency).

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

(f) Capital management

The Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Fund's investment objectives while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholder redemptions.

(g) Fair value estimation

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(g) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 31 December 2022 and 2021:

As at 31 December 2022	Level 1 S\$	Level 2 S\$	Level 3 S\$	Total S\$
Assets Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception:				
- Quoted fixed income securities	3,484,838	74,656,476	-	78,141,314
 Quoted investment funds 	43,124,366	-	-	43,124,366
 Financial derivatives at fair value 	-	1,116,507	-	1,116,507
_	46,609,204	75,772,983	-	122,382,187
Liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception: - Financial derivatives at fair value	-	71,181	-	71,181
As at 31 December 2021	Level 1 S\$	Level 2 S\$	Level 3 S\$	Total S\$
Assets Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception:				
- Quoted fixed income securities	15,990,860	77,860,894	-	93,851,754
- Quoted investment funds	54,578,943	-	-	54,578,943
- Financial derivatives at fair value	_	596,070	-	596,070
_	70,569,803	78,456,964	-	149,026,767

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within Level 1, include investment funds and Singapore Government Treasury Bills. Investments in open-ended investment funds whose net asset values are struck daily, price information is published and readily available and units are subscribed and redeemable on demand at the published price, are classified within Level 1. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include investment-grade corporate bonds, government bonds and over-the-counter derivatives.

Except for cash and cash equivalents which are classified as Level 1, the Fund's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at 31 December 2022 and 2021 have been classified as Level 2. The carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities approximate their fair values as at the Statement of Financial Position date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

11. Financial risk management (continued)

(h) Interests in unconsolidated structured entities

The Fund's investments in the Underlying Funds are subject to the terms and conditions of the respective Underlying Funds' offering documentation and are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of those Underlying Funds. The Manager makes investment decisions after extensive due diligence of the Underlying Funds, its strategy and the overall quality of the Underlying Funds' manager. The Underlying Funds in the Statement of Portfolio is managed by the Manager who are compensated by the respective Underlying Funds for their services. Such compensation generally consists of an asset based fee and is reflected in the valuation of the Fund's investments in each of the Underlying Funds.

The Fund has the right to request redemption of its investments in the Underlying Funds on a daily basis.

The exposure to investments in the Underlying Funds at fair value is disclosed under the Statement of Portfolio. These investments are included in "Portfolio of investments" in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Fund's holdings in the Underlying Fund, as a percentage of the Underlying Fund's total net asset value, will vary from time to time dependent on the volume of subscriptions and redemptions at the Underlying Fund's level. It is possible that the Fund may, at any point in time, hold a majority of the Underlying Fund's total units in issue.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in the Underlying Funds is equal to the total fair value of its investments in the Underlying Funds.

Once the Fund has disposed of its units in the Underlying Fund, the Fund ceases to be exposed to any risk from that Underlying Funds.

12. Related party transactions

In addition to related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions took place during the financial year between the Fund and the related party at terms agreed between the parties and within the provisions of the Deeds:

	2022 S\$	2021 S\$
Margin accounts held with related party of the Trustee Bank balances held with related party of the Trustee	16,870 4,025,919	10,146,399

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

13. Financial ratios

Expense ratio		2022	2021
SGD Class Total operating expenses Average daily net asset value	S\$ S\$	1,109,382 138,914,958	1,241,889 156,867,960
Total expense ratio ¹ (including the Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.23	1.20
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds' unaudited expense ratio	%	0.43	0.41
USD Class		2022	2021
Total operating expenses Average daily net asset value	S\$ S\$	17,879 2,238,154	20,944 2,645,258
Total expense ratio ¹ (including Underlying Funds' expense ratio)	%	1.23	1.20
Weighted average of the Underlying Funds' unaudited expense ratio	%	0.43	0.41
Turnover ratio			
		2022	2021
Lower of total value of purchases or sales Average daily net asset value Total turnover ratio ²	S\$ S\$ %	233,281,963 141,153,112 165.27	106,353,625 159,513,218 66.67

The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). This is the sum of the Fund's expense ratio and the weighted average of the Underlying Fund's unaudited expense ratio. The calculation of the expense ratio at financial year end was based on total operating expenses divided by the average net asset value for the year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the daily balances.

14. Comparatives

When necessary, comparatives figures have been adjusted to conform with the changes in presentation in the current period. The revised presentation does not result in a change in the Fund's net assets or deficit after income tax.

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales of the underlying investments, divided by the average daily net asset value.

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REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

The following contains additional information relating to the Fund.

1. Distribution of investments

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 15 to 19.

2. Credit rating of debt securities

	Foir value of	Percentage of total net assets attributable to
	Fair value at 31 December	unitholders at 31 December
	2022	2022
	S\$	2022 %
Aaa	9,419,301	7.51
A1	5,045,575	4.02
A2	5,597,085	4.46
A3	5,268,196	4.20
Baa1	5,197,478	4.15
Baa2	14,352,031	11.45
Baa3	953,500	0.76
Ba1	1,179,454	0.94
Ba3	6,461,895	5.15
Not rated	23,693,142	18.89
Accrued interest receivables on quoted fixed income		
securities	973,657	0.78
Total	78,141,314	62.31

3. Top 10 holdings

10 largest holdings at 31 December 2022	Percentage of total net assets attributable to	
	Fair value	unitholders
	S\$	%
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	24,984,991	19.92
Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	18.139.375	14.46
Minor International Public Company Limited 2.7% due	10,100,010	
31/12/2061	4,707,504	3.75
1MDB Global Investments Limited 4.4% due 09/03/2023	4,598,791	3.67
Woori Bank 4.75% due 30/04/2024	4,490,767	3.58
Bank Tabungan Negara Persero TBK PT 4.2% due	• •	
23/01/2025	4,451,937	3.55
United States Treasury Note 4% due 15/11/2052	4,337,452	3.46
Phoenix Lead Limited 4.85% due 31/12/2061	3,063,979	2.44
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group Incorporation 5.063%	• •	
due 12/09/2025	2,933,175	2.34
Cathay Pacific MTN Financing HK Limited 3.375% due	. ,	
22/01/2023	2,739,688	2.19

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REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

3. Top 10 holdings (continued)

10 largest holdings at 31 December 2021	Fair value	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders
	S\$	%
Nikko AM Shenton Asia Bond Fund	31,096,691	19.64
Nikko AM China Onshore Bond Fund	23,482,252	14.83
Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 28/01/2022	11,995,500	7.58
Landesbank Baden-Wuerttemberg 3.75% due 18/05/2027	4,016,592	2.54
Monetary Authority of Singapore Bill 0% due 25/03/2022	3,995,360	2.52
Keppel Infrastructure Trust 3% due 01/12/2026	3,504,340	2.21
CNAC HK Finbridge Company Limited 5.125% due		
14/03/2028	3,077,794	1.94
Mapletree North Asia Commercial Trust 3.5% due		
31/12/2061	2,923,263	1.85
Country Garden Holdings Company Limited 8% due		
27/01/2024	2,719,864	1.72
Chinalco Capital Holdings Limited 2.125% due 03/06/2026	2,651,136	1.67

4. Exposure to financial derivatives

	Fair value at 31 December 2022 S\$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders 31 December 2022 %	Unrealised gains/(losses) S\$	Realised gains/(losses) S\$
Forward foreign exchange contracts Futures contracts	1,045,327 -	0.83	1,045,327 -	767,432 741,365

5. Global exposure to financial derivatives

The global exposure to financial derivatives is computed using the commitment approach which is calculated as the sum of:

- a. the absolute value of the exposure of each individual financial derivative not involved in netting or hedging arrangements;
- b. the absolute value of the net exposure of each individual financial derivative after netting or hedging arrangements; and
- c. the sum of the values of cash collateral received pursuant to:
 - i. the reduction of exposure to counterparties of OTC financial derivatives; and
 - ii. EPM techniques relating to securities lending and repurchase transactions, and that are reinvested.

(Constituted under a Trust Deed registered in the Republic of Singapore)

REPORT TO UNITHOLDERS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022

6. Collateral

Please refer to Notes 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 28.

7. Securities lending or repurchase transactions

Nil.

8. Investment in unit trusts, mutual funds and collective investment schemes

Please refer to the Statement of Portfolio on pages 15 to 19.

9. Borrowings

Nil.

10. Amount of units created and cancelled for the financial year ended 31 December 2022

S\$

Units created Units cancelled

11,249,584 (29,389,757)

11. Turnover ratio

Please refer to Note 13 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 41.

12. Expense ratio

Please refer to Note 13 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 41.

13. Related party transactions

Please refer to Note 12 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 40.

14. Any other material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the Fund

Nil.

15. Soft dollar commissions/arrangements

In their management of the Fund, the Managers currently do not receive or enter into any soft dollar commissions or arrangements.